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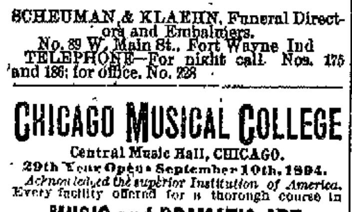
Steam Dye Works.
The only house in this country using ELECTRICAL CLEANING APPARATUS, for all kinds of garments without injury.



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29th Year Opens September 10th, 1894.
Acknowledged the superior Institution of America.
Every facility offered for a thorough course in
MUSIC and DRAMATIC ART.
Catalogue Giving Full Information Mailed Free.
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ELY'S
Cream Balm
Is quickly absorbed.
Cleanses the Nasal Passages
Allays Pain and Inflammation.
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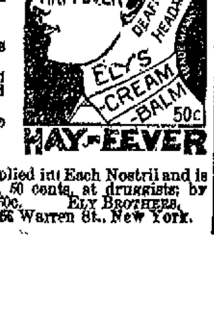
Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.
IT WILL CURE.



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The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

MONDAY, OCT 1, 1894

Democratic State Ticket.

Judge of Supreme Court. First District—GEORGE F. REINHARD.
Judge of Supreme Court. Fourth District—JOSEPH S. DAILEY.
Secretary of State—WILLIAM R. MYERS.
Auditor of State—JOSEPH T. FANNING.
Treasurer of State—MORGAN CHANDLER.
Attorney-General—FRANCIS M. GRIFFITHS.
Clerk of the Supreme Court—C. W. WELLMAN.
Superintendent of Public Instruction—CHARLES W. THOMAS.
State Statistician—ALEXANDER FULTON.
State Geologist—ELI T. JOHNSON.

Congressional Ticket.

For Congress—W. F. McNAGNY.

Democratic County Ticket.

State Senator—THOMAS E. ELLISON.
State Representatives—LOUIS J. BOBILYA, GEORGE V. KELL, CHARLES DALMAN.
Judge of Superior Court—C. M. DAWSON.
Judge Circuit Court—EDWARD O'ROURKE.
Prosecuting Attorney—N. D. DOUGHMAN.
Clerk of Courts—HARRY M. METZGAR.
Auditor—CLARENCE EDSALL.
Recorder—W. REICHELDERFER.
Treasurer—L. C. HUNTER.
Coroner—DR. M. HARROD.
Surveyor—CHAS. BRANSTRATOR.
Commissioners—J. H. STELLHORN, (M. A. FERGUSON, SILVANUS F. BAKER.

Wayne Township Ticket.

Trustee—M. F. SCHMETZER.
Assessor—M. V. WALSH.
Justices of the Peace—H. F. FRANCE, M. H. BOHEN, MICHAEL TANCEY, L. P. HUBER.
Constables—CHRISTOPHER KELLY, C. W. LINDSEY, B. F. JOHNSON, FREDERICK ROEBKE.

TONIGHT.

MASONIC TEMPLE—Alba Heywood, in "Edgewood Folks."
CALEDONIAN SOCIETY — Regular Meeting.
TRADES UNIONS—Locomotive Firemen; Bricklayers; Painters and Decorators; Hod Carriers.
LODGES—Phoenix Lodge, No. 101, K of P.; Fort Wayne Lodge, No. 14, I O. O. F.; St Mary's Lodge, No. 14, F. and A. M.
SOCIAL AND DANCE — Working Girls' Union at A. O. U. W. Hall
SONS OF COLUMBUS HALL—Social in Honor of Miss Hunker's Class
WAYNE STREET M. E. CHURCH —Union Prayer Meeting, led by Dr. Moffat.
ST PAUL'S CHURCH—Meeting of the Young Men's Society.

Democratic Meeting.

The democratic rally in this city next Friday, and the reception to be tendered the evening before by the military companies of the city to Gov. Claude Matthews, will be interesting events and promise to be largely attended. At the rally on Friday Governor Matthews and Hon. David Turpie, Indiana's United States senator, will be the speakers, and they are both entertaining talkers.

A Still Hunt.

The republicans, it seems, are making a still hunt in this county during the present campaign—no brass bands no firing of cannon, no public speaking, no torch light processions, no nothing only a house-to-house visitation talking about old times and the crops. Once in awhile some of the over zealous will get excited and tell a big whopper and like the man in "Old Homestead," say they could prove it if Bill Jones was alive, but, alas, he is dead and many of their stories have to be well salted before they will go down The latest mode of operation is to try to kick up a big muss between the Lutherans and the Catholics and have them chasing one another around the cornfield with a hoe handle. And then again they are trying in ways that are devious to make it appear that the cousins, uncles, grandfathers and great-grandfathers of some of our candidates once held the office of 'squire or high constable and for that reason they should be unceremoniously retired to private life. It is lots of fun to conduct a still hunt and as long as the walking is good it will be continued.

Encouraging Business Outlook.

In THE SENTINEL today we give an exhaustive review of the business situation of this city as viewed from a manufacturing standpoint and gleaned by our railroad reporter from interviews had by him with the proprietors and managers of the different manufacturing establishments and railroad shops of the city. The resume is an impartial and uncolored one, free from partisan feeling, and was compiled for the purpose of enabling our readers to judge what the outlook was for business and work for the winter months, which we are soon to enter. Notwithstanding the fact that the past year has been a depressing one in almost every avenue of the commercial world, our resume shows that business has recovered from this shock and is now on a firm basis with the prospect of a sure and steady increase. Indeed the outlook is a most cheering and encouraging one, and justifies the assertion on our part that better times are not only coming but that they are here already, and here to stay. The industrial wheel, which has been out of gear so long, has been repaired and is now moving all right. Factories and shops have started up with a prospect of running regularly and giving employment to a large number of workmen, and on every hand, here in this city, there are multiplied evidences of a business boom which has come to stay. Fort Wayne, with its large railroad and manufacturing interests, suffered from the recent business depression, but, under the reviving influences of trade, it has been quick to respond, and there is every reason to believe that this city is entering upon an era of good times.

Life is as We Make It.

Probably every one who has ever read anything, dolefully quotes "The melancholy days have come,' etc., as soon as they hear the first whistle of the wind or note the first scurrying company of dried leaves before a nipping autumn gust It belongs to this season of the year to make believe you feel depressed and, perhaps, in reality many do; but why should these days be melancholy? Why should they be called the saddest of the year?

If the leaves did not fall we would never enjoy that blissful, keen awakening of nature in the spring, and if the winds did not howl we would never fully appreciate the glorious warmth of an open fire and shaded lamps and cosy evenings spent in the company of pleasant people and good books, while all without is cold and drear, the snow piled high up in shifting drifts quite to the doorsill.

To the home maker autumn and winter mean more than the other seasons They incite the housewife to culinary achievements that will prove most gratifying to the lord and master after he has waded home through storm and sleet to the cosy comfort of his own dinner table. The very fixing up of the house for winter brings with it a sense of restful content. As the heavy curtains are hung we fancy how delightful it will be to draw them close together some evening when the rain drops beat hard and fast against the pane and all we love most in the world are shut in within the shelter of the home nest.

After all life is as we make it. Come winter, come summer, if we but cultivate in our hearts the perpetual greenness of cheerfulness, the sunshine of content, it will not matter whether the skies are blue or gray, the earth covered with a carpet of velvety verdure or a mantle of snow. Think of this when a feeling of loneliness or depression creeps over you and battle it with the weapons that lie always close at hand. What matter though the wind howl if there is no surging tempest of passion in your own breast. Life may be to us all the sweetest, best and brightest possession if we only choose to plan it so.

NAME FULL TICKETS.

It Keeps Up the Organization and Gathers Unexpected Plums.

"It should be the duty of every county chairman to see that a complete ticket is in the field," said Chairman Taggart the other day. "The advantages are far more than I can readily enumerate, but chief among them is the benefit of keeping a party organization. It is utterly impossible to keep up interest and get out a full vote without a local ticket in the field. Therefore it should make no difference how great the Republican majority in a locality full county and township tickets should be placed in the field and active canvass made. It is really surprising what a good effect this has. And it not infrequently happens through local disaffection or the personal popularity of candidates that Democrats capture some good offices even in the most hopeless Republican strongholds. Take the case of Wayne county for instance. Though it is the strongest Republican county in the state, the Democrats have kept up their organization and made their fight always. As a result they have not only greatly aided the state ticket but every once and awhile capture a fat office, as, for instance, sheriff and auditor, when the Republicans had an immense majority on the rest of the ticket. It is the observation of these results that makes me so persistent in urging that a complete ticket be placed in the field in each county and township. It this is done this fall Indiana is just as certain to go Democratic as election day is to come."

Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston, the historical writer of Washington, has found out enough facts and sayings about the Father of His Country to make something worth reading and printing for every day in the year. For instance, on Feb. 16, 1778, Washington wrote from Valley Forge, "Naked and starving as they are, we cannot enough admire the incomparable patience and fidelity of the soldiery, that they have not ere this been excited by their suffering to a general mutiny and dispersion." On Feb. 17 he sent to the states of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware and Virginia an appeal for cattle for his starving soldiers and wrote with his own hand, "A bountiful price will be given, and the proprietors may assure themselves that they will render a most essential service to the cause of their country." Miss Johnston has published her valuable collection of data in a book called "George Washington Day by Day." It will be a good thing to have in the family and in school. It will make a birthday book, too, each one being thus able to note what happened to Washington on the date of the person's birth. The author designs her work especially for the young people of America. She wrote it in the patriotic hope of making the rising generation know Washington better and revere him more.

A young woman missionary lately arrived in Japan wants everybody to know there is a country on earth where people seem to enjoy life as if it were all an endless dream of fruits, flowers, lakes and mountains. It is pleasant to know there is a nation on earth where people enjoy themselves. In the midst of our grinding, straining society, where people get up before daylight to cheat and get the better of one another in a bargain; where they break down from nervous prostration and grow old, blind and deaf before their time trying to get rich, it is blissful just to read of a people that live to enjoy themselves and help others enjoy themselves—a land whose inhabitants are all gentle, polite and good natured and inclined to be honest. By the way, what do we want to convert the Japanese for?

In addition to adopting the Omaha platform the Populists of the Newark (N. J.) congressional district have added some platform of their own. One plank is a declaration in favor of a constitutional amendment providing for the election of United States senators directly by the people. Another plank calls for the attachment of a penalty clause to the eight hour labor law. Resolutions favoring woman suffrage and the initiative and the referendum went through unanimously. In another resolution these New Jersey Populists declare themselves of the opinion that the action of the federal courts in the Pullman strike cases threatens the existence of the citizen's right to trial by jury.

The Japanese show they are up to date in warfare in all respects. Among other things, their sending a corps of trained women nurses from Tokyo to the military hospital at Seoul proves it. Japan, too, will have her Florence Nightingale. China, on the other hand, has no military hospitals and no army surgeons in the civilized meaning of the term.

The war has shown Japan what she needs. One thing was new telegraph lines, and she sent at once over to the United States to get the men who could build it for her. She knew where to apply. Mr. A. W. Cohen, formerly electrician of the Erie road, goes to Japan Oct. 1, taking with him 25 expert telegraph operators and linemen.

Humdrum people lead a humdrum life.

ALL IN SCHOOL AGAIN.

Now for Another Winter of Hard Brain Work.

Education Too Often Obtained at the Expense of Nerve Force.

Parents Study the Problem of Keeping Up the Health at School.

School has been open nearly a month. The streets are crowded with "shining morning faces," full of eagerness and ambition.

Anxiety of parents begins. Will these young boys and girls stand the nervous strain?

Every year thousands of bright and interesting boys and girls are fatally injured by the indiscriminate and excessive school work.

Pale lips, languor, little eagerness for play, irritability, and loss of strength, show that the close application is making sad inroads upon their health. There should be no delay in building up the child's system, and feeding the worn-out nerves with Paine's celery compound. Parents find their children quickly gain strength and color and increased weight from this remarkable nerve food. It is peculiarly suited to the needs of their weakened powers of digestion and assimilation.

During the school year thousands of children pursuing studies with an ambitious eagerness altogether out of keeping with their strength, have been enabled to keep in school and at work and to recover health and nerve strength by a careful use of Paine's celery compound, first prescribed by Dartmouth's great professor, Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D. Parents who have studied the problem of how to build up their children's health while at school have found that Paine's celery compound brought vigor and strength by keeping the blood pure and the nerves and tissues richly nourished.

Physicians in all parts of the country earnestly recommend Paine's celery compound to parents.

EX-VICE PRESIDENTS.

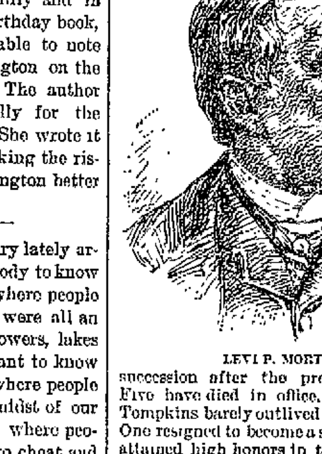
LEVI P. MORTON IS THE ONLY ONE NOW LIVING.

Most of His Predecessors Lived In Obscurity After Retiring From the Office—Some Notable Exceptions—Interesting Facts Concerning the Vice Presidency.

Levi Parsons Morton is the Republican nominee for governor of New York, and the fact revives the old discussion as to what becomes of the vice presidents and what sort of men they are anyhow There is a vague impression among the people that a vice president doesn't amount to much, and he has been compared to the fifth wheel on an artillery wagon—to be put on in haste when another wheel is broken, to a succedaneum, or wooden block which fills the place of a book on a library shelf, and to many other things.

At the bottom of all the chaff are a few grains of truth. The vice president has less power than any other high official. For obvious reasons he nearly always comes from a different wing of the party from the president and is often at outs with his chief It is also taken for granted that if he succeeds to the presidency by the death of his chief he will create a schism in his party, and in three cases out of a possible four he has done it. Another odd fact is that since 1840 or thereabouts the office has been considered as of less consequence than previously.

Nevertheless several great men have occupied the vice presidential chair. Three of them were elected to the presidency while in the office, and four obtained it by



LEVI P. MORTON.

succession after the president's death. Five have died in office, and Daniel D. Tompkins barely outlived his second term. One resigned to become a senator, and four attained high honors in their states after leaving the chair. As a rule, they have been older than the presidents they served with, and several have lived to a very advanced age. Adams and Jefferson, also presidents, died at 90 and 83, Hamlin at 82, Aaron Burr at 80 and Martin Van Buren at nearly the same age. John Cabell Breckinridge was the youngest to hold the office and died at 54. Daniel D. Tompkins died at 51 and Chester A. Arthur at 56, while all the others lived to a fair old age.

Another interesting fact is that the original idea, or it might be called the intent, of the framers of the constitution was soon completely nullified. They were still infected with European notions and expected the vice president to be rather the favorite candidate for the succession. Adams did succeed his chief, and so did Jefferson, but with the next man, Burr, the precedent was broken, and only Martin Van Buren has since been promoted in that way. After Burr it seemed to be taken for granted that the secretary of state was to succeed his chief by what was called the "easy succession," but Andrew Jackson broke across that and many other precedents, and so the modern system was inaugurated

George Clinton and Elbridge Gerry, fourth and fifth in the line, were truly great men in their states for many years before their election to the vice presidency, and both died in that office, Clinton after holding the place seven years and Gerry before the close of his second year. Daniel D Tompkins of New York, seventh in the line. was worried into temporary insanity by charges of embezzlement, as he had got his accounts confused as a disbursing officer in the Revolution, took to stimulants for relief and died soon after quitting the chair. John C. Calhoun had so brilliant a career as senator that his vice presidency was but a minor feature of his greatness. Van Buren survived to become a Free Soil candidate for the presidency, and his vice president, Richard M. Johnson, was also great in other offices.

John Tyler was vice president exactly one month, and his character is still in dispute. George Mifflin Dallas, the next in order, was great in every relation of life. As student he took the highest honors at Princeton, as a lawyer he was remarkably successful, as secretary to Albert Gallatin when the latter was minister to Russia he won high praise, and as assistant secretary of the treasury he was very efficient. He was, in turn, mayor of New York city, United States attorney for that district, United States senator, attorney general of Pennsylvania and minister to Russia, and filled every post with honor. As vice president he cast the deciding vote which made the Polk-Walker tariff of 1846 a law, and instead of stepping down from the office he stepped up, and as minister to England in 1856-61 conducted the most delicate negotiations with success Beginning his career as a diplomat during the second war with Great Britain, he lived to see the war for the Union an assured success.

Of all the 23 none has filled more offices or filled any more acceptably. He was equally successful as an author and happy in private life, and nearly all his near relatives attained to eminence. His father was noted as lawyer, editor and judge and secretary of the treasury under President Madison, his brother James reached a high rank in the navy, and his brother Charles became a noted author in England, while other relatives attained eminence in other lines. The family was one of remarkable talents

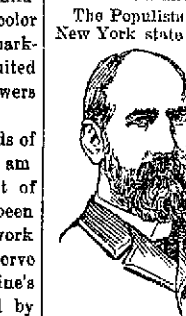
William R King was put on the ticket with Franklin Pierce because it was believed to be a political necessity, though it was questioned if he would live through the campaign. He took the oath of office in bed, at his hotel in Cuba, a special act of congress having provided therefor, and died six weeks later. He had been a man of some eminence in Alabama, but almost an invalid during the last third of his life. Henry Wilson and Thomas A. Hendricks have since died in office. Of Breckinridge, Johnson and Colfax the critics are still disputing. Mr. Morton is 70 years old, and so the politicians need not worry about his future His great success has been as a New York banker, and as minister to France in 1881 5

J. H. BEADLE.

A COMBATIVE CANDIDATE.

C. B. Matthews Made a Hard Fight Against the Standard Oil Company.

The Populists scarcely expect to carry New York state this year, but they have nominated an interesting candidate for governor in the person of Charles B. Matthews of Buffalo. Mr. Matthews gained a national reputation for his wonderful and successful fight against the Standard Oil company, and he is one of the few—very few—men



C. B. MATTHEWS.

who have given much study to the questions of labor, monopoly and money and done much to help new movements and still prospered greatly in business. Mr. Matthews was born in Wyoming county, N. Y., in 1845, and was reared on a farm. In 1869 he went to Kansas and engaged in farming and real estate transactions, but in 1873 located in Butler county, Pa., where he was successful in producing oil. In 1878 he bought the farm on which he was reared, decided that oil in paying quantities could be found in that part of New York, leased 15,000 acres and bored at great length. Oil was not found, but the celebrated stratum of Wyoming salt was penetrated by the drill, and so the great salt industry of western New York was developed. In 1881 Mr. Matthews located in Buffalo and organized the Buffalo Lubricating Oil company, for the manufacture of lubricating and illuminating oils, which was soon involved in a series of harassing suits with the Standard Oil company. It was stated, and generally believed, that a high official of the great corporation said a suit would be begun every month, and, if this was not sufficient to destroy the new company, then one every week. Of the multitude of suits only one was decided against Mr. Matthews' company, and then only 6 cents were awarded to the plaintiff.

Having obtained evidence of a design to ruin his industry, Mr. Matthews brought suit against several Standard officials and got a verdict for $20,000, An appeal was taken, and on trial new evidence was disclosed which led Mr. Matthews to begin another suit, this time for $250,000. After being six years in the courts this suit was dismissed by order of the court, but Mr. Matthews succeeded in convicting certain parties of a conspiracy to blow up his refinery, and they paid a fine.

Mr. Matthews was a Republican until three years ago, when he became a Populist. He is an ardent advocate of municipal control of lighting and telephones and of government control of natural monopolies He still lives in Buffalo and is president of the Buffalo Refining company.

A PROGRESSIVE WOMAN.

Mrs. May Wright Sewall a Leader In the National Council of Women.

The international council of women which is to convene in Washington next February bids fair to be the most interesting of the series. Among the foreign ladies who have promised to take part are the Countess of Aberdeen, now president of the council; Florence Fenwick Miller, Lady Henry Somerset, Mrs. Agnes McLaren and Mrs. Ormiston Chant. It may be said in a general way that this is a federation of all the bodies which work for the elevation of women throughout the world, and therefore all woman's work and all woman's needs are properly the subject of its action.

The national council of the United States, of which Mrs. May Wright Sewall is president, she being also vice president of the international body, besides its general work, makes a specialty of four subjects, each of which is attended to by a special committee. Mrs. Lucia E Blount of Washington heads the committee on equal pay for equal work. Its present aim is to secure a law abolishing the distinction between the pay for men and women in all government offices, thus establishing a precedent which the ladies think will be potent with individual employers. Another committee is working for reform

MRS. MAY WRIGHT SEWALL.

in the divorce laws of the various states, while another concerns itself with dress reform

Mrs. Sewall was born in Milwaukee, a descendant of one of the oldest New England families, was graduated in 1866 from the Northwestern university at Evanston, Ills, and after teaching a few years married Edwin W. Thompson of Paw Paw, Mich. He died in 1875, and in 1880 she married Theodore L. Sewall of Indianapolis. Mrs. Sewall has since resided in that city, where she has a large training school for girls, but her work has for several years had a national scope. She is equally able as speaker, writer and organizer and has been president of several bodies. Governor Hovey appointed her a member of the Indiana board of commissioners at the Chicago World's fair, and there she presided over the woman's congress.

The national council now has 17 organizations federated and contains over 700,000 members. It was organized in Washington in 1888, on the fortieth anniversary of the first woman's rights convention, held in Seneca Falls, N. Y., in 1848. The state and local councils also consist of federations of many different organizations, 40 being represented in that of Minneapolis and 53 in that of Indianapolis.

He Obeyed.

Jaggs—How did you ever dare to embrace Miss Boston?

Naggs—She was speaking of banditti that night as we drove through the strip of woods by the river and remarked, "What a romantic place to be held up!"

Jaggs—Yes?

Naggs—Well, I held her up.—Life.

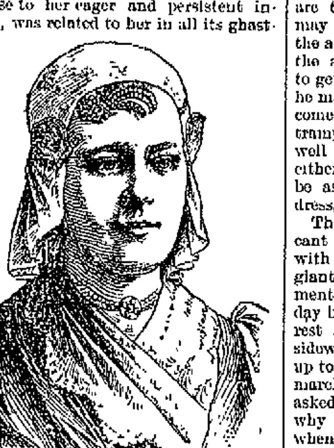
HER CONSTANT FEAR.

THE SHATTERED NERVES OF THE QUEEN OF HOLLAND.

The Little Dutch Monarchy In Peril—Misfortunes That Follow a Popular Princess—Pauline Metternich's Losses—Foreign Correspondence of Real Interest.

[Special Correspondence.]

PARIS, Sept 18.—Of all the crowned heads of Europe there is no one upon whom the cruel murder of President Carnot has created so profound an impression as the little 14 year old queen of the Netherlands. Her father having been some 65 years of age at the time of her birth, it is only natural that she should be possessed of an exceptionally nervous temperament and delicate constitution. Unfortunately this fact was not sufficiently taken into consideration in communicating to her the news of the tragedy at Lyons, which, in response to her eager and persistent inquiries, was related to her in all its ghast-



QUEEN WILHELMINA OF HOLLAND.

ly details Since then she has not been able to speak or think of anything else. She sees anarchists on ever side and at every turn and lives in constant fear of sharing the fate of President Carnot, her apprehensions on this score having been strengthened by the circumstance that during the recent public ceremonies in the island of Walcheren some peculiarly evil looking individual managed to get sufficiently close to her to be able to throw into the royal carriage copies of anarchist manifestoes menacing the life of both queens and predicting the speedy overthrow of the Dutch monarchy. At the present moment the nervous system of little Wilhelmina seems to be entirely shattered, and the utmost care will have to be observed if she is to recover her health of mind and body to a sufficient degree to live to attain her majority. To what an extent her subjects are interested in her welfare may be realized when it is known that it is this delicate child's life which constitutes the sole safeguard of the independence of the Netherlands as a nation. Should she die without leaving any children the crown would devolve upon her aunt, the reigning Grand Duchess of Saxe-Weimar, and subsequently upon the latter's eldest son, the hereditary grand duke. This would mean that Holland would be brought within the sphere of the confederation known as the German empire, and the easy going Hollanders would in course of time be called upon to submit to the same military obligations, onerous taxation and detrimental commercial restrictions as the other states of the German empire.

Princess Pauline Metternich has contributed so much to the pleasure, the gayety and the joyousness of the European world, both of high and low degree, that it seems unjust that the eventide of her once merry life should be saddened by so many misfortunes. It is not three years ago that she lost her favorite daughter, Pascaline, in the most shockingly sudden manner, under circumstances that have always been shrouded in so much mystery as to give color to the rumors that she committed suicide. Countess Pascaline's husband, Count George Waldstein, followed her to the grave a year later, having blown his brains out in a fit of temporary insanity due to alcoholism. Thereupon a most painful lawsuit ensued with regard to the disposal of his immense property, during the course of which matters in connection with his treatment of his wife were brought to light that cannot have failed to terribly mortify and grieve the princess, who was summoned to give testimony as to the character of her son-in-law on the witness stand. And now, to crown her misfortunes, her magnificent Bohemian castle of Plassy, which has been her principal home ever since her husband surrendered his post of embassador to the court of the Tuileries 24 years ago, has been burned over her head Not a thing has been saved from the flames, except the family archives and the jewels of the princess, but all the priceless art treasures collected by her and by her illustrious father in-law, the great Metternich of the first Napoleonic era, have been reduced to ashes, and nothing remains of this palatial country seat but the bare walls. It was here that the princess was to be seen at her best. Built in the past century, the chateau, designed by one of the most famous architects of Germany, contained some 250 rooms, including a chapel which was almost a church and a theater capable of seating 300 people. Guests were allowed to spend their time as they listed, provided they were punctual in their attendance at meals, the lunch generally taking place at noon under a tent in the superb forest by which the chateau is surrounded.

The princess herself is a splendid shot and used to take part in most of the battues and deer stalking expeditions. Dinner was invariably served at 8 o'clock, and afterward everybody would assemble in the salons, the prince, who is an enthusiastic musician, usually taking his place at the piano, while the remainder of the party would organize games similar to those which constituted so memorable a feature of the Monday evening parties of Empress Eugenie at the Tuileries and at St. Cloud, everybody smoking, including, of course, the princess, whose customary weed was a cigarette, but who did not occasionally disdain a large and strong Havana cigar. At 10 o'clock the princess would retire for the night, having with advancing age become partial to early hours instead of those late ones for which she was distinguished when Austrian embassadress at Paris. Of course the princess still retains her celebrated castle of Johannisberg, on the Rhine. But, although picturesque itself, the castle's surroundings can hardly be considered as such, the entire sides of the hill upon the summit of which it is perched being given up to the growth of the grape which yields that most royal of all white German wines—namely, the Chateau Johannisburg.

GEORGE F. WEST.

NEW ORLEANS PICTURES.

Peculiarities and Personalities Noted by a Close Observer.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 24.—I got up early yesterday morning and strolled toward the French market, where I got some of the most delicious coffee I have ever had the luck to taste. Its effect upon me was like that of some rare old wine. It warmed, soothed and penetrated from crown to toe. A fat old negro, white capped and white aproned, served it to me across a stall. Around me was the hurry and bustle of buying and selling. People passed, chattering in the creole patois, negroes cried out about the merits of their wares in shrill, wheezy voices, flower girls were arranging and tying up little bunches of flowers, horses and carts were backing and starting, drivers were showering promiscuous benedictions, and baskets were everywhere. So were flies.

This is the city of eternal sun, steady, penetrating heat and quick burial after death. A body is kept in the house no longer than 24 hours. Notices of death are posted on telegraph poles. If the deceased be French or of French extraction, a flying tricolor and a band playing martial airs form part of the escort which sees them to their last resting place. To use an Irishism, they are buried above the ground. This is because of the fact that New Orleans is built upon a swamp. The burying places are huge stone buildings, where the bodies are laid into a sort of shelf, which is afterward walled up. On looking at one of the shelves I was reminded of Poe's weird tale, "The Cask of Amontillado," wherein Montresor revenges himself upon his enemy by walling him up alive.

To my mind Canal street at night presents one of the most beautiful city sights in the world. It is very wide and is lit up by electric lights, which blaze from the tops of high columns. These columns stand in the center of the street and extend along for miles. The effect of the lights piercing in a straight line through the distance is a fine one.

On Royal street are the great gambling houses. They are fitted up after a tasteful and luxurious fashion and are open day and night, workday and holiday. Wheels whir, balls roll and cards shuffle on forever. The voice of the croupier as he rakes in or pays out is as never ending and monotonous as the murmur of the sea There is at least one thing that may be said in favor of these gambling hells. They are truly democratic institutions. All may enter, it matters not how shabby the attire, how disreputable and low down the appearance. If a man has no money to get himself a place to sleep at night, he may go in and sit down. He is welcome to share the light and warmth. The tramp may jostle elbows with the rich, well groomed blood, and there is no one either to censure or to eject. He need not be ashamed because of his meanness of dress, for no one notices or criticises.

The police here look small and insignificant when one begins to compare them with the well fed, intellectual looking giants who are at once the rulers and ornaments of Broadway, in New York. The day before yesterday I saw one of them arrest a man for playing craps upon the sidewalk. A few hours afterward I went up to this prop of civilization as he was marching grandly along his beat and asked him in a civil, awed sort of way why people were arrested for gambling when gambling was the most cherished institution of the state. The dignified copper slid down from the starry realm of his dignity and staid long enough on the solid earth to inform me curtly that if people wished to gamble they should go to the places that the state had licensed for that purpose. Then he resumed his noble stride and moved onward.

On the levee at night the negro roustabouts collect together and sing part songs Some of them have fine voices, and the harmonic effects produced are often very peculiar and beautiful. They are a happy go lucky lot of fellows, who work like dogs during the day—for roustabouting on a Mississippi freightboat is the hardest work imaginable—and forget about it at night over their songs. On their faces is the jolly, contented expression belonging to a race untouched by the scar of introspection A long time will elapse before their head will be bothered by economic problems. So let the capitalist rejoice.

It is odd to think of Uncle Sam having citizens that cannot speak English, but it is a fact nevertheless. There are people born and bred in Louisiana who are as ignorant of the language current in the United States as in all probability were Bienville, Carondelet and the other adventurers who sailed over from France in the days of Louis XIV.

Not long ago I was in St. Martinsville, a place about 60 miles from New Orleans. Before the war it was called the Versailles of Louisiana. Around about it is the country that Longfellow immortalized in his poem, "Evangeline," which I read while reclining luxuriously in a hammock, smoking cigarettes. I was charmed with the poem, but discovered that Longfellow had that ethereal disregard for sober, solid fact peculiar to the sober, poetic soul. Readers of "Evangeline" may remember this line:

"On the banks of the Teche lie the towns of St. Maur and St. Martin."

Now, as a matter of fact, there is no such town as St. Maur anywhere in or near the vicinity, never was such a town and in all likelihood never will be. So the oldest inhabitant around—a man with lengthy, white whiskers—informed me. "St. Maur" is a dream—an airy, fairy thing. Longfellow worked it in to round out the rhyme. I noticed some other "poetic licenses," but just now I forget what they were. Poets will be poets.

The Acadians—or "Cajuns," as they are now called—are a set of people principally given to the bringing into the world of large families. Their language is the French of 200 years ago corrupted and twisted out of all likeness to the French of today. They are small and underfed looking. Their faces are of a pale yellow color, because the swamplands in which they live are full of malaria.

None of them can read or write, and they are looked down upon by every one. Even the long heeled, chicken stealing negro thinks that he is pegs and pegs above "dem white trash." Fishing, hunting, the raising of a little corn and the paying of no rent are the methods by which they live. Their intelligence is of too low a caliber to allow of their working themselves to death for other people, as do their brainy white brethren, who enjoy life in great cities.

In New Orleans the firemen, after the putting out of a fire in the nighttime, go along the streets singing. It struck me as being an odd and picturesque custom. But I must close, for the dinner bell is ringing in the little French restaurant where I am stopping. Outside is the garden, where there are beautiful orange trees. New Orleans is a gay city. Au revoir!

BART KENNEDY.

Couldn't Fool Him.

The old Charleston good livers were given to boasting of their wines, and some of their cellars were stored with the oldest and the best. One of them, the well known Mr. L., said that he had $70,000 worth of wine in his cellar when his house was burned during the war. He thought himself and was thought to be the best judge of wine in the state.

At a dinner party where he was a guest it was secretly arranged to bring him into disgrace in the matter of judgment, and the host sent out to a grocer's and for $1 bought a bottle of wine and had it placed upon the table as a specimen rare and extraordinary. Mr. L. pronounced it the best they had and said:

"I recognize the vintage—it is 1784. There is nothing better than this in America."

The shout of laughter that followed assured him that he had been sold, and the host explained that he had just procured it "round the corner."

"Send for the man," said Mr. L., "and let me see if this is so."

The man soon appeared, and Mr. L. said to him:

"I will hold you harmless if you tell me frankly where you got that bottle of wine."

"Well," answered the grocer, "if you will know, I bought it of one of your servants."—Exchange.

Anatomy of a Kiss.

It is thoughtlessly said that man kisses woman, but it is not so. It may be set down as a principle or dogma that it is always the woman who kisses the man. On such occasions man acts only in a responsive and not in an initiative capacity.

To produce a kiss only two things are necessary, and man, except by his mere presence, has nothing to do with its origin. The first circumstance is the opportunity, and the second is the desire existing, though unexpressed, in the woman's own heart and mind to be kissed.

When these conditions are present, there is sure to be some kissing, for the woman will in a dozen ways that cannot be defined convey the idea to the man, and he, if he be not altogether a stick, will respond to her will. Therefore in all cases of true kissing it is the woman who kisses and not the man, who simply responds to a power and influence that he cannot resist. That power lies in a woman, and if it is not present there will not be any kissing. —Spare Moments.

"SHE KNOWS WHATS WHAT"

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BECAUSE IT'S THE BEST. PUREST & MOST ECONOMICAL.
SOLD EVERYWHERE
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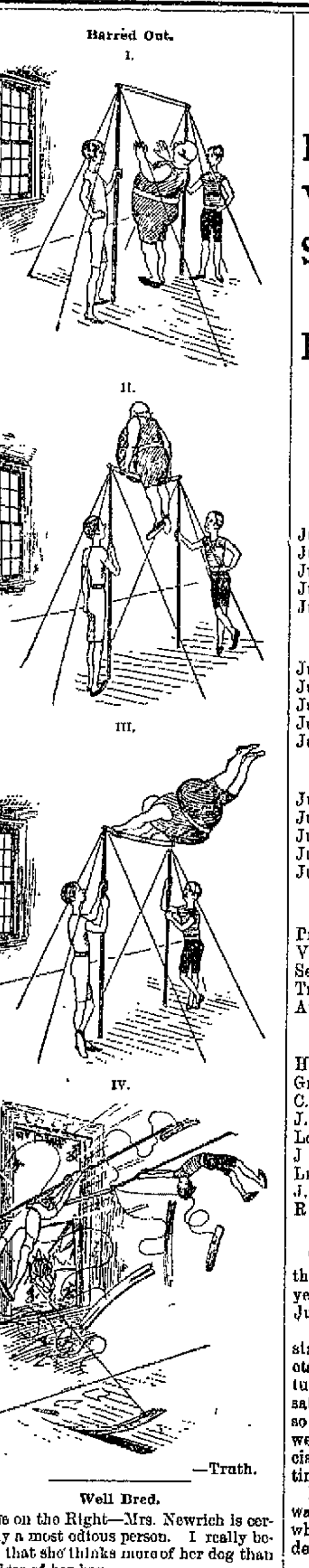

—Truth.

Well Bred.

She on the Right—Mrs. Newrich is certainly a most odious person. I really believe that she thinks more of her dog than she does of her boy.

She on the Left—I haven't a doubt of it. You see her dog has a pedigree.—Boston Budget.

Deductive.

"Mamma, is a lady who marries a baron a baroness?"

"Yes."

"And is a lady who marries a Dutchman a duchess?"—Truth.

In Childhood's Happy Days.

Among the incidents of childhood that stand out in bold relief, as our memory reverts to the days when we were young, none are more prominent than severe sickness. The young mother vividly remembers that it was Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cured her of croup, and in turn administers it to her own offspring and always with the best results. For sale by druggists.

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Finest and Best Work. Cheapest place in the city

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Its Wonderful Success.

Progress of the Association.

NET ASSETS.

July 1, 1890........$	137,986 36
July 1, 1891.........	384,143.22
July 1, 1892.........	687,006.69
July 1, 1893.........	1,051,563.40
July 1, 1894.........	1,134,647.78

LOANS

July 1, 1890........$	133 217 08
July 1, 1891.........	372,076.63
July 1, 1892.........	670,641.83
July 1, 1893.........	1,023,186.88
July 1, 1894.........	1,112,962.71

NET PROFIT.

July 1, 1890........$	4 350.37
July 1, 1891.........	24,520.16
July 1, 1892.........	64.875.82
July 1, 1893.........	123,833.76
July 1, 1894.........	184,802.54

Board of Officers.

President..........GEORGE W. PIXLEY
Vice President..........D. N. FOSTER
Secretary..............C. A. WILDING
Treasurer..................J. W. BELL
Attorney.................W. J. VESEY

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GEO. W. PIXLEY,	W. J. VESEY,
C. A. WILDING,	W. E. MOSSMAN,
J. F. W. MAYER,	S. F. BOWSER,
LOUIS FOX,	C D. LAW,
J W. BELL,	P. A. RANDALL,
LEO FREIBURGER,	D. N. FOSTER,
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The Association is now selling Installment stock, on which you pay 70 cts. per share per month, until the maturity of the stock. No other perfectly safe investment can be found that pays so well as the installment stock of a well-managed Building and Loan Association. It is as secure in a panic as in times of prosperity.

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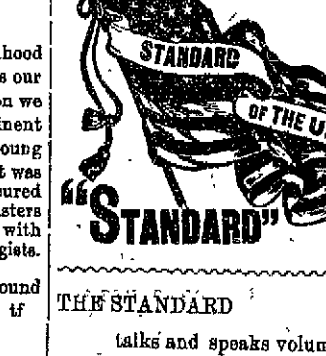
Rooms 12, 13, 14 and 15.



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In fast sewing the Standard is 80 per cent. in the lead by the watch.

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PFEIFFER & SCHLATTER,
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NEW GOODS,
NEW Patterns.
Just Received a Full line of New Fall Suitings.
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Call and Examine the Stock and Leave Your Measure before the Fall Rush Commences.
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N. W. Corner Main and Clinton Sts.

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WANTED—First-class plumber: call at 135 Calhoun street. 1-2t

WANTED—A good competent cook. Mrs H. G. Olds, corner Berry and Ewing streets. 12 tf

WANTED—Salesman; salary from start, permanent place. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Chicago, Ill. sept28-eod-1m

WANTED—Situation as stenographer and typewriter, can give good reference. Address "P. S." Sentinel Office. 28-6t

WANTED—To give employment to three hundred ladies and girls, from sixteen years up to seventy. Call at 68 McClellan street. 29 2t

WANTED—A good salesman for a specialty line to canvass town and country trade on and off the road. A party with previous experience preferred. Reference required. Address, "Salesman," Sentinel office. 1-3t

WANTED—$4,000 loan. I have a fine farm of 171 acres on a prominent railway near this city; improved, good orchards, barns, etc., and new house which cost $2,500; wish to secure loan of $4,000 for five years on first mortgage security on same. Address, "R. E. X." care the News office. 1-4t

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FOR RENT—House of nine rooms on Douglas avenue. Inquire at 47 Douglas avenue. 21-6t

FOR RENT—Four unfurnished rooms, water and gas, suitable for small family. 128 W. Main St. 1-3t

FOR RENT—Furnished room with board; also day board at reasonable rates, at 30 W. Washington St. 17-tf

FOR RENT—Dwelling No. 143 East Berry street, all modern improvements. Inquire at 140 East Berry. 22-tf

FOR RENT—A seven-room and a five-room house. Call at rooms 27 and 28, Bank block. A. H. Bittinger. 22-tf

FOR RENT—Houses 44 and 46 W. Wayne street, six and ten rooms respectively, modern conveniences. Inquire Nierman's Pharmacy, 88 Calhoun St. 28-6t

FOR RENT—A northwest corner room on west side of Calhoun street; heated by steam, lighted by electric light, space 18x26. Elegant location for barbershop. Address Sentinel. 17-t

FOR RENT—Nine room house, newly painted and remodeled, with good barn, gas and water in house; location best in the city. Inquire of Mr. J. Dickerson, No. 19 Lafayette St. 1-tf

FOR RENT—Seven-room house with bath, hot and cold water, natural gas, gas meter, etc., within ten minutes walk of court house. Rent $18 per month to right party. Inquire 134 Wells St. 21-tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A seven-room house and lot 50x150 feet. Good location. Will sell cheap for cash, or will take in exchange a stock of groceries or 40 acres of land. D. J. Shaw, The Market, 4 and 6 Harrison St. 22 1m

FOR SALE—At Nestel's New Broadway Nursery, fine cultivated pear, cherry, quince, mulberry and apple trees of all varieties, catalles, Norway maples, pyramid evergreens, current, gooseberry and the finest grape vines ever offered. Doors open Monday, Oct. 1, and every day until winter sets in. D. Nestel, Prop. 29-2t

RARE BARGAINS—If taken at once, a drug store in full operation, goods and fixtures first class; $850 will buy it now.

Store Building—new on corner $1500, with one lot, or with lot adjoining $2000. Residence Property—8 rooms, built three years, large lot, fine barn, shade trees, water add gas, etc., $2200. No better chance to invest money lying out of doors. Call or address John J. Ogle, E. Creighton and Holton aves.

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Twenty-five houses and lots for sale or trade on farms; also one 400 acre farm to sell or exchange for city property, and one 365 acre farm, and two 200 acre farms, and one 160 acre farm, and three 80 acre farm, and two 120 acre farms, and one 35 acre farm, and one 40 acre farm and one ten acre tract; also down as low as two acres. For particulars call on Keplinger & Co., at Dr. Niswonger's office 33 Calhoun St., up stairs.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE formerly at No 39 W. Washington St. has removed to No. 212 Calhoun St., where ladies who are in need of help; also good girls wishing employment will be waited upon by Agnes Laidlaw, successor to E. Fitzgerald. 12-1m

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.

All parties having knowledge of acts of cruelty to animals or children will greatly favor and assist the Fort Wayne Humane Society by telephoning or writing such information to Officer Schlaudroff, 82 Clinton street Telephone F 95.

LOUIS F. CURDES,

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Farms for sale, or trade for city property. Building lots in all parts of the city, on terms to suit the purchaser. I have any number of houses and lots, ranging in price from $400 to $20,000; several choice business blocks for sale, very cheap. Money to loan.

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THE ARNOLD CHEMICAL CO. 151 S. Western Avenue, CHICAGO.

Sold by all Druggists.

PREPARED FOR AN EMERGENCY.

Pauline: What's yo' takin' de razzer to church fo'?
Rasberry: Weze goin' to politely request de pastor to resign.

BETTER TIMES.

Fort Wayne's Industrial Interests Recover From Their Lethargy.

Work Resumed With Old Time Vigor and Men Who Have Been Idle are Being Re-employed.

There is every reason to believe that prosperous times are returning and that very soon every industry in this country will be carried on with the vim and energy which characterized it just previous to the panic of 1893. With a view of getting the exact situation in industrial affairs in this city, a SENTINEL reporter called at the offices of the managers of the various shops and factories in the city, and wherever he found those gentlemen in, interviewed them concerning the conditions of trade. The result was highly satisfactory and is substantially as follows:

THE FURNITURE TRADE.

A harbinger of good times is the growing activity in this industry. The furniture business is always the first to suffer in a financial panic and is the last to recover after all other industries have regained normal conditions. The first serious blow to the trade was the failure of Frank A. Lappen, of Milwaukee, a heavy dealer, who went into bankruptcy in June, 1893, and pulled the Plankinton bank, from which he had borrowed $700 000, down with him. Then followed failures in Grand Rapids, the greatest furniture manufacturing city in the Union, and at other cities. The stock of these bankrupted firms was thrown on the market, prices declined and profits disappeared. This condition of affairs existed up to a few weeks ago; but, happily, they are now fast disappearing and better times are not only in sight, but are nearly upon us. D. B. Kehler, manager of the Fort Wayne Furniture company, says that, while "business is not booming, the prospects are very bright. Stock is very low and must be manufactured before much traffic can occur. Inquiries are good, however, and manufacturers are starting up their factories." As an indication of the revival of business, Mr. Kehler pointed to the fact that his firm last Friday closed a contract to build 1,000 ladies' writing desks for P. J. Klingman, of Grand Rapids, a wholesale dealer who has the credit of selling more goods than any other man in this country. The desks are wanted just as soon as the firm can turn them out. The demand for folding beds is not great, yet the company is selling quite a lot of them and still building a few. This firm has recently gotten into the manufacture of church seats and furniture and is enjoying a big trade in that line. At present the factory is working on contracts for churches at Winnipeg, Man., Fremont, Ohio, Warsaw and Plymouth, Ind., Marshaltown and Ackley, Iowa, and Butler Center, Ind. There are many churches now under construction for which the furniture company has been asked to bid on the seating, and there is no doubt but that the works will be busy the balance of the year at least. There are forty men employed in the factory and they work ten hours per day.

THE PAPE INTERESTS.

The Peters' Box and Lumber company, the Fleming Manufacturing company and the Pape Furniture works, are practically one concern; at the head of which is Charles Papp. That gentleman said that he was satisfied with the conditions of trade. The furniture business, he said, was particularly good and his cabinet makers could not turn out furniture fast enough. Mr. Pape was fortunate inasmuch as he secured recently several large special contracts, which cannot be classed in the general run of the furniture trade. For instance he is building the office and furniture for the First National bank, making some mantles and sideboards for the Rothschilds and doing work of a similar character for other parties. In this way he has kept the cabinetmakers employed nine hours per day for several months. The saw mill is running steadily, though the demand for lumber is very light. Mr. Pape thinks, however, that this branch also will improve later in the season. Business in the Fleming works, where road scrapers are made, has been fairly good and the men have been kept steadily at work. They are now building snow plows and expect a big sale. Mr. Pape gives employment to eighty men, over half of whom are skilled mechanics.

THE KNITTING MILLS.

The Wayne Knitting mills employ a day and night force and keep the machinery in operation twenty-two out of the twenty-four hours. The company will finish the winter goods manufacturing season soon, and then take up the manufacture of spring and summer goods. Theodore Thieme, the manager, says that his customers do not buy in large lots, but send in orders frequently for small lots. He also said prices were steadily declining, owing to recent increased importations of foreign made goods, but his firm had been able to meet the cut without any material loss and there was no noticeable falling off in the demand for the Wayne mills' products. Mr. Thieme says the outlook for business in the hosiery line is very bright. The company's shop facilities are already inadequate to the business and the building will be enlarged, more machinery put in operation and the force of workmen increased. The machinery is now on the ocean, en route here from Germany, and will be set up as soon as it arrives. The force will then be increased about fifty. There are now employed 125 men and girls in the mills. Most of the men are Germans who came from the old country with the first lot of machinery. They are an industrious and economical people and are investing their earnings in property. Inside of another year every one of them will be domiciled under their own roof. Several of the neat cottages out by the mills are now owned by those machine operators.

BASS FOUNDRY AND MACHINE WORKS.

This establishment now has on its pay-rolls about 700 men and they are pretty busy. The firm recently established a branch office in New York and is now shipping a great deal of machinery east, and reports a bright outlook for a much heavier business in the near future. There are now under construction in the shops twelve Corliss engines. One of these engines is a tandem compound of 2,000 horse power capacity, the largest engine ever built in the works. Other contracts are in sight, and there is no danger of the machine department becoming short on work for the next six months. The foundry department is also doing better at present than it did at any previous time during the past eighteen months. The car wheel shop is running nearly at its full capacity, with the demand for its products increasing. The department where car supplies, locomotive and machinery castings are made is also filled with work. Within the past week two cupolas, which had been idle for some time, were started up and the force of workmen increased accordingly.

THE ORGAN FACTORY.

The Fort Wayne Organ company reports business fairly good with them. With the exception of two weeks, when the machinery was undergoing repairs, the works have been running steadily for five or six months, and giving employment to 120 men. The outlook for business is much more favorable now than it was a year ago, and the firm is employing more men in its shops than it did in 1893. Orders for organs are coming in steadily and in satisfactory numbers. The company is enjoying an unusual heavy trade abroad, and is shipping many instruments to Germany, Austria and Holland. The manager said he believed the works would be able to run steadily during the fall and winter.

BOWSERS' WORKS

S. F. Bowser, at the head of the Bowser Oil Tank works, thinks the business of the country is improving. In his line trade is much better than it was at this period of the year 1893. "We are working to a slight disadvantage," Mr. Bowser remarked, "owing to the limited capacity of our temporary works, but we will soon move into our new building, when we will be able to turn out oil tanks more rapidly. We now have on our books orders for over 500 tanks and they are still coming in at the rate of about 100 per week." The new factory building, a one-story brick, erected on the site of the old building which was destroyed by fire, is nearly completed. The tin department will be in operation the last of the present week and Mr. Bowser expects to have the entire plant in operation next week. There are employed in the office and shop about sixty men and about forty-five men are on the road constantly. When the new works are in running order it is the intention to increase the force of traveling salesmen to about seventy and they will sell, in addition to oil tanks, a number of novelties which the firm proposes to manufacture. Mr. Bowser says the outlook for trade is very good. His traveling men send in encouraging reports from all parts of the country.

THE WHEEL TRADE

This business, so far as Fort Wayne is concerned, is entirely in the hands of the Standard Wheel company, whose office headquarters are in Terre Haute. There is no one here who can speak authoritatively as to the prospects for business with the firm. C. M. Crim, the local manager, said he believed business in the wheel trade was picking up. He was in receipt of instructions from headquarters to push the work of getting out and finishing wheel material, and he judged from this that business was increasing. The works in this city were closed a year ago last August. Two weeks ago the spoke department was started up with twenty men and the force has been increased until now there are forty-five men employed. Mr. Crim thought it was the intention of the company to run the works only in finishing up stock for the balance of the year and to fill its kilns with rough material. Then, if the business justified such a move, wheelmaking would be taken up and a full force of men, about 250, employed. He was careful to state, however, that he did not speak authoritatively and that just the reverse might be the intention of the officials.

ANTHONY WAYNE WORKS

A. C. F. Wichman, the manager of the Anthony Wayne Manufacturing company, said: "Fall trade is fully 100 per cent better than it was during the corresponding period of the year 1893." The works employ at present sixty five men, but the working force will have to be increased if present conditions of trade continue. The shop has been in operation all the year with the exception of a few weeks in July, when the railways were crippled by the strike and would not receive freight. The outlook for trade, Mr. Wichman said, was good, 'but prices are low and profits small." The company has on hand enough orders to keep its works in operation four or five weeks and more orders are in sight.

RAILWAY SHOPS.

The railway shops are running with a full force and on full time. The work is chiefly repairs on locomotives and cars, though at the Pittsburg east shops a number of freight cars are to be built. The prospects for a busy winter in the shops are very flattering. There are 1336 names on the Pittsburg's shops pay roll, which includes some very small shops at Chicago. The Wabash employs 300 men in its shops in this city.

THE LUMBER TRADE.

"Dull, very dull," was the reply of John Rhinesmith, of the firm of Rhinesmith & Simonson, to our inquiry regarding business. "There has been very little building the past season and scarcely any is going on at present. We have managed to keep our shop running, however, most all the time, but are working the smallest force we have employed for many years." The pay roll for September contained forty names. Mr Rhinesmith said that the price of building lumber had declined about $2 per 1,000 feet and that the stock everywhere was very low. Should a building boom set in next spring he predicted a scarcity of material and a rapid advance in price.

Neither of the proprietors were in when the reporter called at the office of Louis Diether & Bro., but he was informed that business there was not as good as it was some time ago. The works are running, however, with nearly a full force.

WESTERN GAS CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.

This firm reports a number of contracts on hand, including a new gas plant for the Fort Wayne Gas Light company, now under construction at the works, corner of Superior and Barr streets. The plant is of the latest improved form of apparatus and when completed and put in operation will greatly increase the output of the gas company and improve the quality of its product. The construction company also has a number of other contracts for the same class of apparatus, principally in the east. There are employed by the firm about sixty men, of whom about thirty are permanently employed in the shops and offices in this city. The works are running full time, with fair prospects of continuing in operation throughout the winter.

KERR MURRAY MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

A. D. Cressler, manager, states that his company has enjoyed a fairly active business during the season, considering the depression of business, and at the present time has contracts under construction and erection at points covering territory from New York to Nebraska, and from Texas to northern Michigan. Their machine, wrought iron and foundry departments are running full time, employing about 125 men. The company is just adding a new department to its foundry, that of making light grey iron castings, a branch of the business which has never been carried on in Fort Wayne, and anticipate a very good trade in this line for the winter. They have also under construction a large number of gas and gasoline engines for H. M. Williams, built under the Berger patents, which promise to keep this department busy during the entire winter.

ELECTRIC LIGHT WORKS.

Business at this establishment is fairly good and improving rapidly. The metre and transformer departments are particularly busy and the men are working over time. The firm has had an immense sale of metres for registering electricity at private residences and is now sixty days behind its orders. The same conditions prevail in the transformer department. In the dynamo department affairs have not yet assumed the conditions which prevailed before the general stagnation of business took place, but they are fast approaching that point. Mr. E. H. Barnes said that he placed an order this morning with the foreman of the dynamo department for twelve sixty light arc machines and twelve 1,000 light alternators, with instructions to push the work of construction at once. Mr. Barnes also stated that the firm had just completed the sale of several large plants and more contracts are in sight. J. J. Wood, inventor and chief electrician of the firm, has just returned from the east, where he examined all present types and systems of railway transmission and has devised a system which he thinks will eclipse any now in use. One of the machines is now in course of construction and will be tested in a week or two. This machine is known as the "Multipolar Railroad Generator" and one of its principal features is the adaptation of Mr. Wood's iron clad ventilated armature. The Baltimore works, where street car generators are constructed, is also very busy. It is the intention of the company to remove that establishment to this city some time during the coming winter. There are now employed in the works in this city, exclusive of the clerical and traveling force, 216 men.

HOFFMAN BROTHERS

This firm deals exclusively in hard wood and business is so good with them that the saw mill and yard men are obliged to work from three to five hours extra daily. John W. Sale, secretary and treasurer of the firm, said: Values are low, yet our business is increasing. Hard wood timber is becoming scarce, but we are having no trouble in getting all we can handle. We have to haul it farther than we did a few years ago, however, and this adds materially to the cost." Mr. Sale predicted a good winter business. He did not know exactly how many men the firm had on its pay roll, but thought the number was upwards of seventy five.

GARMENT MANUFACTURE.

The Foster Waist factory, the Hoosier Manufacturing company and the Paragon Manufacturing company, who manufacture clothing, are running almost steadily with the usual number of employees.

WAYNE OIL TANK WORKS.

This is a comparatively new establishment, yet it is doing a good business and employs about twenty men. Charles S. Bash, one of the proprietors, said that the business of the past year was beyond their expectations and the future promises still better.

BRIEF MENTION.

Dispatcher H. A. Foster, of the Pittsburg, is taking a two weeks' vacation.

Engineer and Mrs. James McMullen are entertaining a new son at their home.

M. E. Tuttle, the dispatcher, has returned home after a week's sojourn at Forrest, Ohio.

It is rumored that Charles Tubbs, stationary engineer at the Bass works, will be married this week to a young lady of Antwerp, Ohio.

Ticket scalpers say that September has been a good month for them, there have been so many low rate excursions and low rates in general.

The St. Louis fair is in session. The Wabash's passenger business is consequently very heavy this week. Special rates are quoted for this week.

The Wabash earned in the third week of September $219 807, a decrease this year of $59,379. Since the first of January a decrease of $1,753 213 is shown.

The Ohio Falls Car works has started up its passenger, as well as freight car building department. Work in the passenger department is confined to building coaches.

Supt. C. H. Hilton is still at Baltimore, looking after affairs in the Electric Light company's branch shop. From present indications he will be detained at that city for some time.

Thomas Griffin, who has been laid up for the past week on account of a fall he received, is able to be around and expects to go to work in a few days. He is employed at the electric light works.

The Order of Railway Telegraphers claim that their membership has decreased less as a result of the depressed times than has that of any other railway organization. Pittsburg now leads in membership.

The Wabash will run a through car from this city to Indianapolis for the accommodation of the delegates and visitors to the Y. P. S. C. E state convention, which will be held in that city October 11 to 14.

Grover Mattoon, an ex-passenger engineer on the Wabash road, has purchased a farm near Toledo, Ohio, and will quit railroading. He was fortunate in securing a tract of very productive land near the Ketcham stock farm.

Engineer Jack McCarthy, of the Pittsburg, has a model of his patent non derailing switch on exhibition in the office of Road Foreman A. H. Polhamus. It is a great invention and will undoubtedly come in general use.

General Manager Joseph Woods, of the Pennsylvania lines, passed through this city yesterday in his hunting car. He has been hunting in Dakota for several weeks and had a number of deer, prairie chickens and other game on his car.

The Wisconsin Central reorganization committee will start this week on a tour of inspection of the road and on their return will issue a bondholder's agreement and as soon thereafter as possible will submit a plan of reorganization to the bondholders.

W. S. Green, chief electrician of the Chesapeake and Ohio, has equipped two of the passenger trains with electric tail lights, which are proving a great success. The same batteries which light the train are used for the current, and the lights can be seen at a great distance.

L. E. Lockwood, of Chicago, general agent of the Nickel Plate, says that the Nickel Plate is now handling a much larger tonnage of freights than at the corresponding period last year, and the increase of passenger business since putting on through trains has been much of a surprise.

The movement to have each engineer employ a fireman of his choice is gaining friends, and it is believed it will become quite general eventually. The Soo line was the first to put this plan in operation, and it has proven very satisfactory thus far. In case of strikes it is thought the engineer would have such influence over his fireman that trouble would be avoided.

The Wabash is relaying its tracks between Lafayette and Peru with a heavy steel rail. All the section men between those two cities laid the rail between Delphi and Rockfield Friday and Saturday they performed the same duty at Cass station. Today they are working near Logansport.

The Chicago and Rock Island road has employed and placed a number of "spotters" on its passenger trains, and trouble is likely to grow out of the matter. The Order of Railway Conductors threaten to strike if some of the discharged men are not reinstated. The spotter who caused the dismissal of the men is a pretty woman who passed as a solicitor for the "Trainmen's Guiding Star."

The Logansport papers say that some of the deposed railway engineers are on the verge of starvation and that their wives are taking in sewing to keep the larder supplied. It is hard to believe that any man who has drawn a salary of $125 to $175 per month for years should, in such a short time, be reduced to the conditions mentioned above. None of the engineers in this city who lost their jobs during the strike are that hard up.

MISS MARIE LLOYD.

England's Queen of Concert Hall Singers Will Appear in Gotham.

Marie Lloyd, the pretty little English concert hall singer, who has been bringing the nobility of the British isle to her feet, is now, and for the next six weeks will be, the idol of Gotham's chappies. Marie arrived the other day accompanied by her sister, Miss Grace. Miss Lloyd is young and fair, with peachy complexion, sun tinted hair, and eyes of an intense blue.

For the past five years Marie Lloyd has been the queen of music halls, holding a position in her own specialty equal to that of Melba in grand opera. Miss Lloyd appeared here about three years ago for a short time, and has originated over twenty music hall selections which have attained international reputation.

"She Winked the Other Eye" is one of them which has not yet been forgotten here. While in America Marie Lloyd will introduce an entirely new repertoire, of which "The Barmaid," "On the Continent," "Mr. Porter" and

MARIE LLOYD.

'Keep Off the Grass" were all the rage, in London while she sang them.

She will remain here for six weeks, and then return to Europe to sing for Sir Augustus Harris in the Christmas pantomime at the Drury Lane theater.

WORD PAINTING.

As They Play and Write About the Game in Indiana.

It may be possible to floor the Hoosiers for three or four, they may get it where the hames hang five or six, but it can't be done nine or ten—not in these millennium days, anyhow. If there is a section of the Minnehahas upon which the pivotal crowd did not land Thursday, it has not yet been discovered. Parvin and his stilts started in to pitch. He got his basket full in two innings. Then Mr. Frazer, that idol of the Minnehaha stable, was trotted out. He left the box in inning No. 4, hammered until his spirits had fallen into a bottomless well.

Next came the lucky Norman Baker. Under his handiwork the pivots bagged seven runs, so Bake was promptly blanketed and sent back to the stables at the end of the sixth stanza. At this time the score stood 25 to 12 in favor of us. The bugle was sounded for a fresh target and Perry Werden went into the whirlpool. He was sized up in the second stanza for eight runs, and the Minnehahas grew weary. Having a margin of ten to go on we adopted a "*" for the last half of the ninth.

The Minnehahas were completely exhausted from the slaughter, and up to midnight the trail of the five balls that were sent out over the prairie for a home run each had not been struck. And, indeed, your parent was in it, for he made four hits. Mac made five, Henry five and Gray four. The batting and run-getting records for this season were broken, and the glory belongs to everybody but Connie, who didn't get a hit.—Indianapolis Sun.

Nelson's Diabolical Crime.

John Nelson, wanted for the murder of Peter Carlson at West Superior five years ago, was arrested in Chicago the other day by Detectives Elliott, and McCarthy and held at the Central station to await the arrival of the chief of police of West Superior. Carlson, Nelson, and another Swede occupied the same room in West Superior. On the night of Nov. 2, 1880, Carlson retired to his room and when Nelson came in several hours later he had fallen asleep. Nelson was seen to leave the house, and when the third roommate came home shortly afterward he found Carlson dead in bed with his head severed from his body.

JOHN NELSON.

The Modern Beauty.

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant liquid laxative, Syrup of Figs.

Try It.

For a lame back or for a pain in the side or chest, try saturating a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and binding it onto the affected parts. This treatment will cure any ordinary case in one or two days. Pain Balm also cures rheumatism. 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

Mothers, Be sure and use "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. May8eodaw1y

Harvest Excursions

To the west, south and southwest, via the Lake Erie and Western railroad, going Sept. 11th and 25th and October 9th, '94. Very low rates for the round trip. 11 24t

Get your World's Fair books bound at THE SENTINEL office tf

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—Wheat, firm; Oct., 51⅝c; Dec., 53⅞c; May, 58⅞c.

Corn, higher; Oct., 49⅞c; Dec., 49½c; May, 50⅝@¾c.

Oats, steady; Oct., 28½c; Dec., 30½c; May, 33½c.

Pork, lower; Oct., $13 30; Jan., $13.22½.

Lard, lower; Oct., $8.32½; Jan., $7 70.

Ribs, lower; Oct., $7 25; Jan., $6 77½.

Rye, nominal, 47½c.

A Good Thing to Keep at Hand.

From the Troy, (Kansas,) Chief.

Some years ago we were very much subject to severe spells of cholera morbus; and now when we feel any of the symptoms that usually preceed that ailment, such as sickness at the stomach diarrhoea, etc., we become scary. We have found Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy the very thing to straighten one out in such cases, and always keep it about. We are not writing this for a pay testimonial, but to let our readers know what is a good thing to keep handy in the house. For sale by druggists.

Home Seekers' Excursions.

One fare for the round trip; limit twenty days. Going to nearly all the southern states, Aug. 7th, Sept. 4th, Oct. 2nd, Nov. 6th and Dec. 4th; going to Michigan, Aug. 14th and Sept. 18th. If you want the very lowest rates for a pleasant and profitable tour, inquire of Agt. L. E. & W. Ry. 23tf

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

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ABSOLUTELY PURE

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OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS

FOR THIS WEEK.

Special lot very fine 40-cent straw matting this week at 25c.

Special purchase of twenty-five Antique Oak finish Bedroom suits, with large bevel mirrors in Cheval Dressers; suits worth $25 to $30, selling at $17. Will not last long.

Beautiful Bird's Eye White Maple Bedroom suit—very nobby—worth $75 for $39.50. Dresser has a special shape French mirror in it. This suit would cost you about double if purchased in Chicago or Grand Rapids.

Curly Birch Center Tables—new design, $4.85.

Special sale of 100-piece Dinner Sets of imported and domestic.

Porcelain China at $5.45, $6 45, $8.90, $9.25, and up to $20.90. We save you fully one-third on these goods.

FOSTERS.

ORIGINAL CLOAK & EXCLUSIVE FUR HOUSE

V. GUTERMUTH

52½ CALHOUN ST. FT. WAYNE, IND.

Red Seal BOILER Compound

FOR THE

Removal and Prevention of Scale in Steam Boilers.

The attention of engineers and owners of steam boilers is called to the RED SEAL BOILER COMPOUND. It will successfully remove the scale from steam boilers, and also prevent the formation of scale. It is well known that the scale is a powerful non-conductor, and that the waste of fuel is in proportion to the thickness of the scale which becomes attached to the shell, flues, tubes and other parts of the boilers, causing a loss of fuel ranging from one to thirty-seven per cent.

The Red Seal Boiler Compound is entirely free from acids, and does not injure or corrode the iron. In its action it does not vaporize or pass off with the steam. It can be used with perfect safety by Breweries, Dye Houses, Hotels, Refineries, Laundries, and many other establishments too numerous to mention, where pure live steam is required.

It will prevent incrustation and the forming of new scale, without injury to the boiler. The mineral impurities are gradually softened and dissolved, and are then held in suspension until such time as the boiler is blown out under pressure, or washed out when cold.

The compound is in powder form, dissolves easily in warm water, and, as a liquid, can be applied to the boiler through the pump or injector, or in any other convenient way.

All we ask is a trial of RED SEAL BOILER COMPOUND, and we will convince the most skeptical that it is a superior article to many of the so-called boiler compounds on the market.

Directions and price list cheerfully furnished on application.

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LYDIA E.

PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound

Is a positive cure for all those painful

Ailments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life*. Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Leucorrhœa than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruations, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health," by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 90 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it. For

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and Backache of *either sex* the Vegetable Compound is unequaled.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills cure Constipation, Sick Headache, 25c.

All druggists sell the Vegetable Compound, or sent by mail, in form of pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. *Correspondence freely answered.*

You can address in strictest confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

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* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

Trains depart from Pennsylvania Station Fort Wayne, Ind.

East Bound.	West Bound.
* 5 35 a. m.	* 3 30 a. m.
* 6.53 a. m. From Chi...	* 5 20 a. m. Limtd
†12 55 p. m.	† 8 00 a. m.
* 8 05 p. m.	†11 40 a. m.
* 9 20 p. m. Limited....	* 4 30 p. m.
† 7 10 a. m. Crestline....	* 5 30 p. m.
†10 35 p.m. From Chi...	† 9 25 p. m. From Crestline.

Wabash Line.

Trains Carrying Passengers Leave FORT WAYNE.

Schedule of May 20, 1894.

GOING EAST.	DEPART.
New York and Boston Lim., daily...	4 48 a m
Toledo Express, except Sunday...	1 15 p m
Atlantic Express, daily...	7 19 p m
Local Freight...	6 00 a m
Lafayette Accommodation, arrive, except Sunday...	11 00am
GOING WEST.	**DEPART.**
Pacific Express, daily...	8 05 a m
Kansas City Ex., except Sunday...	1 35 p m
Lafayette Accom'n, except Sunday...	3 30 p m
St. Louis Limited, daily...	8 30 p m

INDIANAPOLIS TIME CARD.

Lv Fort Wayne.	Ar Indianapolis
8 05am	2 50pm
1 35pm	8 20pm
3 30pm	11 05pm
8 20pm	3 20am
Lv Indianapolis	**Ar Fort Wayne**
7 00am	1 00pm
1 20pm	7 05pm
7 00pm	4 43am

Through New York Palace Sleeping cars, dining cars and new free chair cars on New York vestibule limited. Free chair cars and dining car on Pacific limited express.

Kansas City express and Cannon Ball has new free reclining chair and palace sleeping cars to Kansas City without charge.

R. G. THOMPSON, Passenger and Ticket agent. Fort Wayne Ind.

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.

GOING NORTH.

*For Grand Rapids and North	Lv. 2.30 am
.....	Lv 7.40 am
.....	Lv 2.55 pm
†From Richmond	Ar 10.55 pm

GOING SOUTH.

†For Richmond and Cincinnati	Lv. 5.45 am
.....	Lv. 12.35 pm
.....	Lv. 11.45 pm
†From Grand Rapids	Ar. 7.30 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY—Fort Wayne Branch

SOUTHWARD.	ARRIVE.
No. 153 Way Freight	5 25 pm
No. 156 Cin. Express and Mail	10 25 am
No. 158 Detroit & Ind'pls Express	8 55 pm
NORTHWARD.	**DEPART.**
No. 163 Way Freight	6 40 pm
No. 157 Through Express and Mail	11 45 am
No. 159 Detroit & Indianapolis Ex.	4 45 pm

NICKEL PLATE.

The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R.

EAST.	Arr.	Dep.
N. Y. & Boston Express	*2 55 am	*3 05 am
Cleveland Mail	†1 30 pm	†1 45 pm
Eastern Express	*6 45 pm	*7 05 pm
Local Freight	†5 50 pm	†6 10 am
WEST.	**Arr.**	**Dep.**
Chicago Express	*3 10 am	*3 20 am
Chicago Mail	†1 45 pm	†2 05 pm
Western Express	*4 30 pm	*4 40 pm
Local Freight	†9 53 pm	†7 00 am

*Daily, †Daily except Sunday. Through Buffet sleeping cars to Chicago, Buffalo, New York and Boston. Through tickets to all points at lowest rates and baggage checked to destination.

M. C. BAKER, District Pass. Agt., Depot, Fort Wayne, Ind.

FT. W., C. & L. R. R. AND L. E. & W R. R.

NORTH BOUND—ARRIVE FORT WAYNE.

No. *40 Passenger	Arrives 11 40 am
No. †42 Passenger	" 10 10 pm
No. †170 Local	" 4 50 pm

SOUTH BOUND—LEAVE FORT WAYNE.

No. †41 Passenger	Leaves 7 15 am
No. *43 Passenger	4 00 pm
No. †171 Local	5 30 am

†Daily except Sunday. *Daily.

Cincinnati and Indianapolis Time card

Leave Fort Wayne.	Arrive Indianapolis.	Arrive Cincinnati.
7:15 a. m.	11:30 a. m.	3:05 p. m.
4.00 p. m.	10:15 p. m.	10:50 p. m.
Leave Cincinnati.	**Leave Indianapolis.**	**Arrive Fort Wayne**
4:40 a. m.	6:30 a. m.	11:40 a. m.
8:10 p. m.	4:00 p. m.	10:10 p.m.

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The Largest Circulation in the State, Outside of Indianapolis.

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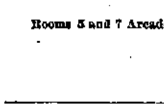

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Made Firm and Fit Perfect. Comprises the very Latest Fabrics, Cut and made in the very Latest Styles, which we offer at

POPULAR PRICES.

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Corner Columbia and Clinton Streets.

DUELISTS IMPRISONED.

Given Five Years In a Fortress at Berlin.

Their Offense Was Firing Five Times at Each Other Away Back In April.

BERLIN, Oct 1—Herr Von Kiderlen Wachter, Russian ministeral Hamburg, and Herr Potsdorf, minister of the Kladderadatsch, have been condemned to four months' imprisonment in a fortress for fighting a duel. The duel between Herr Von Kiderlen-Wachter and Herr Potsdorf was fought with pistols near Berlin on April 18. Five shots were fired and Herr Potsdorf was wounded in the arm. The cause of the encounter was an alleged libel upon Herr Von Kiderlen, then chief of the press department of the foreign office, which Herr Potsdorf allowed to be published in the Kladderadatsch, a comic paper, which, early in the year, became notorious for its attacks upon employes of the government. The duel ruined the political prospects of Herr Von Kiderlen as his action in this matter was only justified by a military clique on the ground that the attacks of the Kladderadatsch could not be endured by a man of honor. Emperor William, however, did not take this view of the case, although Von Kiderlen was for a long time one of his majesty's close friends. The Kladderadatsch alleged, but never proved conclusively that Herr Von Kiderlen and Herr Von Holstein fostered the ill-feeling between the emperor and Prince Bismarck. Von Kiderlen especially, it is said, to have used his position as chief of the press department of the foreign office to further his own ends, even to the extent of trying to bully Chancellor von Caprivi, and it was reported at the time that a person closely acquainted with the workings of the foreign office became so disgusted with Von Kiderlen's dictatorship that he divulged all he knew to the proprietors of the Kladderadatsch. But the sensation recoiled upon the newspaper mentioned, for when its editors were asked to furnish proof of their accusations, their informant, fearing to compromise himself, remained silent, and Herr Potsdorf was made to suffer the consequences. Since the fall from power of General Count Von Waldersee there had been no such collapse as the tumble of Von Kiderlen from the emperor's favor to the position in which he found himself after the duel—frowned upon by his imperial master and former friend who, soon after the news of the encounter became public, allowed it to become known that the fallen favorite would have to suffer the full penalty for breaking the laws. This was admitted to be a fact in April last, but the sentences were only announced today.

WAS A FIZZLE.

Sensational Charge That the Jury Was Corrupted.

PITTSBURG, Pa, Oct 1—The sensational charge of Attorney A. H. Rowand that the grand jury had been corrupted to secure the throwing out of an indictment against John Murphy, director of public safety of Allegheny City, proved a complete fizzle. Murphy was charged with receiving money from keepers of disorderly and gambling houses. The indictment was ignored by a tie vote. Rowand then alleged that he had affidavits showing that members of the grand jury had been influenced by offers of money and position. The court and grand jury insisted upon an investigation. Today Rowand produced the men who made the affidavits, but each one declared that his statement was made on information received and that he had no personal knowledge of the alleged corruption.

FLYING JIB IN 1:59 1-2.

A Wonderful Performance by the California Pacer.

CHILLICOTHE, O., Oct. 1—Flying Jib made a wonderful showing here yesterday morning. Andy McDowell was working him out and had him and a running mate hitched to a high wheeled pneumatic wagon. The pair scored several times and finally McDowell gave the word to those who were in the judges' stand. The gelding paced away beautifully; he went to the half in 1:00, and finished the last half in :59½. The performance has excited the horsemen greatly, as it was the fastest mile ever paced under similar circumstances.

FRANCIS E. WILLARD.

Her Opinions as Fixed as the Law of Gravitation.

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—In answer to many inquiries Miss Francis E. Willard has sent the following dispatch to a White Ribbon leader in Canada: "Concerning total abstainence, prohibition and woman's ballot my opinions are as fixed as the law of gravitation. Politicians try to make it seem otherwise for their own purposes."

Death in a Fire.

KENOSHA, Wis., Oct 1.—The residence of B. B. Pierce, of Wilmot, Wis., was destroyed by fire. Three sons, with ages ranging from twenty-five to thirty five years, and a daughter, eighteen, perished in the flames.

Record Lowered.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct 1.—The 200 mile road record course from Buffalo to Erie, Pa., and return was lowered again yesterday. For the brief space of three days T. T. Mack, a local attached road rider, had the honor of holding the record of fourteen hours, two minutes and forty five seconds. Yesterday this was cut by W. L. Steinal to thirteen hours, [illegible] minutes and thirty seconds. The first 100 miles were made in the face of a stiff wind making the feat nothing short of remarkable.

DANGER AT PEKIN.

Foreigners Warned to Keep Away From That City.

The Roads Thronged With Chinese Soldiers, Who are Hostile to Europeans.

SHANGHAI, Oct 1—Dispatches received here from Tien Tsin say that private advices have reached the latter city from Pekin warning all foreigners from proceeding to the capitol. The road and water way from Tung Chow to Pekin are alive with soldiers who are hostile to all Europeans. Several British residents of Pekin have been assaulted, including Mr. Tourse, interpreter of the British legation, Dr. Dudgeon, and others who were journeying south. It is rumored that the British steamer Irene, which arrived at Tien Tsin on September 25, from Shanghai, having on board a number of Maxim rapid fire guns and a quantity of ammunition for the Chinese, has infringed the neutrality laws. The representatives of the British government are understood to be taking action in the matter.

LONDON, Oct 1—A dispatch from Chee Foo to the Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon says that Japanese cruisers are sighted daily off that port. It is added that the nature of their operations are unknown. But, coupled with the fact that it has already been reported that the Japanese have effected a landing to the north ward of Chee Foo, these movements are regarded as significant and as tending to confirm the story of the Japanese landing. The British squadron in northern Chinese waters is cruising in the Gulf of Pe-Chili. An insurrection is said to have broken out in the province of Shang Tung. The result of the uprising or its nature are not known.

LONDON, Oct 1.—The Pall Mall Gazette prints a Chee Foo dispatch dated today which says: "Japanese cruisers are sighted here daily. The nature of the operations being carried on by these vessels is not known. An invasion is hourly expected."

SEVERELY HANDLED.

Judge Harlan Scores Judge Jenkins.

In Harlan's Opinion Men Have a Right to Strike Individually or In a Body.

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—In the United States court of appeals today, Judge Harlan, of the United States supreme court, reading the opinion, the famous strike injunction of Judge Jenkins was rather severely handled. Judge Harlan held that a body of men had a right to quit irrespective of the discomfort which might result. They had, however, no right to conspire to do damage of embarrass.

He did not agree with Jenkins' famous definition of a strike, "that it was necessarily illegal." Judge Harlan held there was such a thing as a legal strike. Judge Jenkins' injunction is much modified. The opinion was rendered by Justice of the Supreme Court Harlan, and Judges Woods and Bunn. The bench was occupied today by Justice Harlan and Judges Woods, Bunn, Jenkins and Grosscup. Judge Jenkins appeared undisturbed by the decision.

AFTER THE CORPSE.

The Medical College Demand the Body of a Pauper Patient.

The Corpse Is Disinterred and Turned Over to the College for the Use of the Students.

Some ten days ago a pauper patient named Fiske, sent here from Adams township, died at the St. Joe hospital. The trustees of the Fort Wayne Medical college desired the body, and, as required by law, served notice on the sister superior for it.

The Adams township trustees, however, secured the body and buried it. Today Will and Charles J. Ryan, as attorneys for the college, made a demand for the corpse and it will be disinterred and turned over to the college.

The superior court is engaged in trying the jury trial of Loose against Loose to quiet title.

Justice Ryan fined Carl H. Wilhelm $1 and costs for drunkenness.

J. H. Meyer's New Establishment Crowded Saturday Night.

The opening Saturday night of the confectionery and restaurant of J. H. Meyer's at 36 Calhoun street, exceeded all expectations. The store was crowded from 7 to 11 o'clock p. m., with patrons, enjoying themselves and partaking of the delicacies. The rooms are lighted by electricity and flowers adorned every department in great profusion. The restaurant department has a table capacity of fifty people.

Mr. Meyer deserves success and a liberal patronage from the public, as no pains have been spared to make the new restaurant a most delightful place.

The auxiliary to the G. W. R. M., of the Church of Christ, will hold its regular meeting at the Christian chapel tomorrow at 2:30 p. m. A good program has been arranged and it is hoped that there will be a large attendance.

I. D. Williams, expert accountant, office: 63 East Main street.

Frank's Chairs and F. G. are the best [illegible] in the city.

SWINDLER CAPTURED.

Arrested for Fraudulent Use of the Mails.

The Authorities Discover That They Have a Criminal Who Has a National Reputation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 1—United States Postoffice Inspector J. W. Irwin has captured a man who is believed to be a swindler with a national reputation. He was arrested on the charge of using the United States mails in conducting a scheme to defraud and was booked under the name of Henry Smith. Evidence has been accumulated which, it is believed, will prove beyond a doubt that this Henry Smith is the man who recently, in Chicago, impersonated Joseph Jaeger, a reputable merchant of Macon, Mo., Joseph Bawn, of Kirksville, in the same state, and Mitchell Bros., of Cadillac, Minn.

In July and August last several prominent Chicago business houses reported to the mercantile agencies and United States postoffice inspectors that they had received orders for goods from Macon, Mo., signed by Joseph Jaeger, a reputable business man, dealer in gloves, hardware, etc. They scanned the mercantile agency lists and discovered that Jaeger was rated as a first-class business man and consequently they had no hesitation in filling the orders and shipping the goods.

C. M. Livingston, of Chicago, was one of the victims, for it subsequently developed that the real Joseph Jaeger had never ordered goods from Livingston and did not receive those which the latter shipped to Macon. Upon investigation it was learned that some clever swindler had signed the order for the goods with a rubber stamp which, printed Joseph Jaeger's name in red ink and in large capital letters while the body of the order was written with a pen and ink. The rogue had anticipated the arrival of the way bills, received the goods and disposed of them. A succession of swindling conducted on the same plan was reported from various cities in different parts of the country. For the past month he has been practicing his profession in California.

ROBBED BY MASKED MEN.

Four Persons in Tiffin Bound and Cash and Watches Stolen.

TIFFIN, Ohio, Oct 1.—A gang of four masked men bound and gagged Levi Keller and wife, their hired man and a neighbor who was at the Keller home in Reed township at dusk last evening, and robbed the house of $80 and four watches. The four prisoners were securely fastened with ropes to separate beds in different rooms and the robbers took a horse and buggy belonging to Mr. Keller to facilitate their flight. The neighbor, who had started out for a coon hunt, came to the Keller farm with a gun in his hand and did not realize what was going on until he was confronted by several revolvers and relieved of his gun. Soon after the robbers left the prisoners loosened their bonds and secured their freedom. The country was alarmed and dozens of men, armed with all kinds of weapons, started in pursuit of the thieves, but to no purpose, as the robbers had carefully covered their tracks and have not yet been found, nor has the stolen rig been located. Mr. Keller is quite wealthy and is a large dealer in stock, and it is probable that the robbers expected to find a large amount of money in the house. One of the robbers struck Mr. Keller, who is an aged man, in the face. It is supposed that the crime was committed by the same men who robbed the Melmore seamstress, Miss Bloom, of $180 the previous night.

ROMANTIC MARRIAGE.

James E. Mills, California's Geologist, Will Wed Miss Dearborn.

ORANGE, N. J., Oct 1.—Miss Jane Dearborn, who for twenty-five years has been principal of the Dearborn-Morgan school, one of the largest private schools in the state, and James Ellison Mills, state geologist of California, are to be married. About thirty-five years ago Miss Dearborn and Mr. Mills were schoolmates in Brooklyn. After she graduated she came to Orange and started her school. Mr. Mills studied geology and afterward he studied for the ministry and was ordained. He was married in California, where a few years ago he was made state geologist. His wife died several years ago. Last September, at a convention of the New (Swedenborgian) church in Chicago, Miss Dearborn read a paper on "An Application of Woman's Formative Power to Church Work," which was printed in the New Church Messenger. Mr. Mills was much interested in the article and wrote to the editor of the messenger, the Rev. Chas. Holbrook Mann, of this city, regarding the author. Thereupon a correspondence between Miss Dearborn and Mr. Mills was begun, which has resulted in their engagement. They will be married in San Francisco next month.

NEW YORK FIRE.

Biggest Hat Factory in the United States Burned.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—The factory of Jonas & Neuburg, cutters of hatters' fur, in the six story double brick building, Nos. 510 and 512 West Thirty-fourth street, was destroyed by fire early today. It was the largest factory of its kind in America. The loss will be about $74,000. The flames broke out suddenly and were beyond control before the first alarm was turned in. Twenty minutes after the fire broke out a number of firemen had a narrow escape from death by the building practically breaking in two, the walls falling in front and on the sides. Fortunately no one was injured. The cause of the fire is not known.

DESPERATE CONVICTS

Attempt to Poison the Warden and His Assistants.

During the Excitement Which Followed the Discovery Four of the Prisoners Escape.

TACOMA, Wash., Oct 1.—Attempted wholesale murder and a partially successful jail delivery have occasioned no little excitement at the United States penitentiary on McNeil's island. Warden Palmer, of the prison, and four guards had a remarkable escape from sudden death. The prisoners, led by John Wade, a notorious smuggler, who once before made a successful escape, secured poison and placed it in the food of Warden Palmer and his assistants. But for the fact that the desperate prisoners used too much of the stuff, not one of the intended victims would have escaped alive. As it was all of them were made deathly sick. During the excitement which followed four of the prisoners, with Wade at their head, made their escape from the island, and despite the most vigorous search the quartette has been at large ever since. The island is separated from all other land by a mile of salt water. It is believed that the four men escaped on a rude raft and are headed for British Columbia if they have not already arrived there. The prisoners intended to kill the guards and then set all the men in the prison, fifty in number, at liberty.

BAD WRECK.

A Passenger Train and a Freight Collide.

Four Persons Seriously and Several Others Slightly Injured—One May Die.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Oct. 1.—Last night an Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe passenger train and a Kansas City, St. Joseph and Council Bluffs freight train collided about eighteen miles south of this city. The collision was caused by a disobedience of train orders on the part of the freight. Engineer Page, of the passenger, had a leg broken and was internally injured. Several other people were seriously injured, but it is thought none will die. The injured are:

C. B. Page, engineer of the passenger train, leg broken and internally injured.

R. A. Taft, baggageman, injured about the head and shoulders.

N. W. Odell, ankle sprained.

Fred D. Beiger, a St. Joseph traveling man, bruised.

Several other passengers were bruised, but none seriously.

LOCAL LINES.

W. E. Robinson and wife are at the Randall, from Lima, Ohio.

The child of Charles Kramer, of St. Joe township, is ill with diphtheria.

Edward, the son of August Korn, of Broadway, fell Saturday and broke his arm.

Mrs. C. Luhman and son, Henry, left last night for St. Louis, Mo., to visit friends.

Ernest Bullemeyer celebrated the thirteenth anniversary of his birth last Saturday.

The Hickories played a game of ball with the New Havens and were defeated by a score of 24 to 23.

Clarence Nulf and wife, of 31 Euclid avenue, are the happy parents of a girl baby, which arrived Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Hamilton, of Butler, Ind., are in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Bitlinger of Archer avenue.

Mr. E. C. Shulze, of Lincoln, Neb., has accepted a position as floor walker with Root & Co. Mr Shulze formerly resided in this city.

The Employed and the Unemployed played a game of ball on the former's grounds. The Unemployed won by a score of 29 to 9. The feature of the game was the twirling of Captain Zimmerman, of the Unemployed.

The A. M. E. church yesterday afternoon took preliminary steps toward the organization of a Christian Endeavor. This will be the first colored society organized in this city. Complete arrangements will be made Wednesday evening.

One of the best musical entertainments of the season will be that given Wednesday evening by Halls Schumann Lady Quartette at the City Y. M. C. A. hall. The company has for many years been most favorably known and celebrated for its excellent singing.

Rev. J. H. Hartman, D. D., of Cleveland, Ohio, preached a very strong sermon at the Wayne street M. E. church yesterday morning. He is visiting his relatives in this city. Rev. Hartman is one of the leading Baptist ministers of Ohio and is a very popular gentleman.

The Fort Wayne military companies are arranging an elaborate reception to be given Gov. Claude Matthews in this city next Thursday evening. The governor will reach this city from Huntington about 7 o'clock and will be met at the depot by all the military companies of Fort Wayne and the local members of his staff and escorted to the Rifles' armory, in the Randall block, on Harrison street, the First Regiment band leading the parade. After this there will be a public reception.

WRECK AT MAUMEE.

The Wabash Limited Thrown From the Tracks.

Engineer F. N. Smith Killed Instantly and Fireman A. H. Day Fatally Injured.

Train No. 12, the east bound limited on the Wabash road, was wrecked at 7 o'clock yesterday morning at Maumee, a small station about twelve miles south of Toledo. Engineer F. M. Smith was killed instantly and Fireman A. H. Day was injured so badly that he will probably die. The train was behind time and was running probably at the rate of sixty miles an hour when the accident occurred. At Maumee the target showed white on the main track, but the switch was set for the side track. Somebody had disconnected the switch rod and thrown the switch so as to turn the train in on the siding. The train consisted of two mail cars, one express car, one combination express and baggage and three Wagner cars. When it turned in on the switch its velocity was so great that the engine went over upon its side and plowed along about 100 feet, when it turned bottom up in the ditch. The tank passed the engine and laid about fifty feet further northward. The two mail cars, the express and the combination cars were thrown crosswise of the track, while the Wagner cars left the rails but remained in line. It is believed that when the engine toppled over the engineer and fireman were thrown from the cab and dragged in the wreckage, where they were found nearly free from the debris. The engineer had a bad gash in one of his cheeks and his breast was crushed in. The fireman had his skull fractured and was bruised badly about the body. His clothing was completely stripped from his body. He was taken to Toledo and placed in the hospital where the operation of trephining was performed. At 9 o'clock this morning a dispatch to the local officials in this city stated that Mr. Day was resting easily. Engineer Smith came from New York, where his family is now living. The wife had been notified of the accident and telegraphed today to the officials to send the remains of her husband to 611 Amsterdam avenue, New York. Fireman Day has a family living in Toledo. None of the passengers were in the least injured, but some of the mail agents were severely shaken up and slightly bruised. The tracks were cleared by 4 o'clock yesterday and trains are running as usual.

WANT A REHEARING

Indiana Authorities Dissatisfied With the Swamp Land Decision.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct 1.—The attorneys for the state in the litigation against the Tolleston club, of Chicago, held a consultation today and discussed Judge Howard's opinion, which held that the property in controversy belonged neither to the club nor to the state, but to the border lot owners. It is said that the opinion follows the line of the state's argument till the conclusion is reached, when it branches off with the finding. Judge Howard wrote the opinion in vacation, and, while it was discussed by the full bench and is the opinion of the court, the attorneys are confident they can secure a rehearing, with possibly a reversal. The points to be made in the rehearing were discussed and agreed upon.

RESOLUTIONS PASSED.

The Trades and Labor Council Talks of the Strike.

The Trades and Labor council has passed the following resolutions:

WHEREAS, It comes to the knowledge of the Trades and Labor council that the union barbers of the city of Fort Wayne have made a demand on the boss barbers that on and after October 6 barber shops shall be closed at 11 o'clock each Saturday night, and

WHEREAS, We believe that seventeen hours (from 7 a. m. to 12 p. m., the hours that journeymen barbers are compelled to work every Saturday) are too many for an employer to demand from any employe in one day, and

WHEREAS, In keeping their doors open until 12 p. m. the boss barbers compel their employes to work sometimes until 1 o'clock Sunday morning, thus making their workday one of eighteen hours, many more than is demanded in any other branch of business in Fort Wayne, and

WHEREAS, It is known that a large majority of boss barbers are favorable to the demands of their employes and assert that the work can be done satisfactorily if the closing hour is changed to 11 p. m., but who feel inclined to withhold their support from the union barbers owing to the opposition of two or three of the largest shops in Fort Wayne, therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Trades and Labor council, that we extend to the journeymen barbers our sympathy and support in their demands and ask all union men and all other persons who feel that these journeymen have asked for only what is their just due to lend them a helping hand by patronizing only such shops as close at 11 p. m. Saturdays.

Resolved, That the Trades and Labor council use every honorable means to secure for the barbers a recognition of their demands and lender to them any aid that is possible for them to give.

THOS. DORAN, Vice Pres.
SERRNEY J. [illegible], Sec'y.
L. C. KASTEN, Treas.

General Rains.

OMAHA, Oct. 1.—A general rain has been falling throughout Nebraska for the past ten hours with prospects of continuing all day. This was much needed to put the ground in proper condition for fall plowing, farmers having been unable to do little in this line on account of the great drought.

SECOND CENTURY RUN.

Only Seven Men on Hand to Start From Auburn.

At Least Seventy-five Were Expected—Five Fort Wayne Wheelmen Take Part—Fast Time Looked For.

The much advertised second attempt at a century bicycle run which Ralph Cobb, of Auburn, was to chaperon, made an inglorious start from that town at 5:15 o'clock this morning. Cobb claimed there were seventy-five men entered, but out of this crowd of wheelmen only seven men appeared this morning at the starting place. Quite a number of citizens were on hand to see them off and a few other riders kept the seven men company in the start and then one by one dropped out.

At the Randall Cycle company's establishment in this city Larry Randall had out his big register book to take down the names of the seventy five or one hundred wheelmen whom he expected, but closed the book with a slam when the seven men arrived and registered. The first rider to show up was Will Cohagen, a Fort Wayne boy, who now lives at Auburn. Cohagen registered at exactly 7:11:32 and in a few minutes the other six wheelmen registered as follows: R. P. Cobb, Auburn, A. Goodwin, Pleasant Lake; T. E. Johnson, Kendallville, A. R. Cawley, Kendallville; E. A. Warner, Sees, and William Malcomb, Auburn.

The riders had made very good time from Auburn but were cold, frosty and dusty. Fort Wayne wheelmen who were on hand to see them come in remarked that the boys were going to fast to hold out, as all of them left after only a slight rest.

The Fort Wayne wheelmen who registered and started from this city were: A. C. Aurentz, Jas. O. Goff, Al Thurman, W. McClellan and C. E. Rieman.

It is predicted that Cohagen will win the run and Goff the time prize.

The time prize is a massive solid gold affair in the shape of a shield of burnished gold suspended by two chains from a gold bar. In the center of the shield is the figure of a mounted wheelman in old gold, and also appropriate inscriptions. The prizes to those who finish within the twelve hours' time limit are also of gold of similar design but smaller in size.

FINISHING UP.

The wheelmen who started on the century run began to return about noon. Cohagen came in first at 11:54 and Goff next. By 1:30 o'clock all of them had re-registered at Randall's except Macomb, who seemed to have been lost in the shuffle. Goff rode sixty-two miles in 4:17 which is considered splendid time. He over did himself, however, and will not likely win. Thurman fell and was badly bruised. He gave up the race. At this writing, 2:30 o'clock, it is hard to guess who will likely win.

Y. M. C. A. ATHLETICS.

The field day of the Y. M. C. A. boys at Cantlirra park Saturday afternoon drew out quite a crowd and the results were as follows: One hundred yard dash, Shepard; one mile bicycle race, city championship, Goff; one half mile run, Shepard; one half mile bicycle race, junior, Heller; 220 yards race, Shepard; one mile bicycle race, Y. M. C. A. championship, Goff; 120 yards hurdle, Bradley; fifty yard dash, Keil; pole vault, J. Miller; one half mile bicycle race, city championship, Goff; running high jump, Rhomy; potato race, junior, Evans; 440 yard dash, Shepard; one half mile bicycle race, Y. M. C. A. championship, Goff; running broad jump, Shepard; running hop, step and jump, Goff; putting twelve-pound shot, Rhomy; throwing twelve-pound hammer, Rhomy; two mile bicycle race, handicap, Goff; one-half mile relay, Shepard, Goff, Ord, Bradley, team No. 1, won.

In the future physical training for young women in the University of Illinois will be an equivalent for military drill for young men. But why not have the military drill for the girls too? As a matter of [illegible] there is nothing better for anybody than the military training. [illegible] The most graceful women alive are the girls who take part in the [illegible] drills in various spectacular dramas. [illegible] perform their dazzling, dreamlike evolutions. The basis of these beautiful evolutions is the military drill. It hardens up and strengthens every muscle in the body and gives the person command of himself physically, making him hardy and strong besides. That is what it was designed to do, and there is nothing else so good. [illegible] for both girls and boys. [illegible] The mind that evolved such an idea was hard up for something to find fault with.

An astrologer says the moon is what is the matter with American politics just now. But does that account for the long condition of so many men when they have been out late nights at the political club?

How often one longs to whisper in the ears of the people who sit next him, "For heaven's sake, take a bath!"

The women voters of Colorado [illegible] ratification meetings all to themselves and run them their own way.

GRAVE DANGERS AHEAD

Prof. P. A. Shauer Lectures Upon Unrestricted Emigration.

Patriotism and the "Little Red School House," He Says, Must Counteract Foreign Influences.

At the Masonic temple yesterday afternoon, under the auspices of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, of this city, Prof. P. A. Shauer, of Pittsburg gave a highly entertaining lecture on the subject of "Perils of the Republic." The audience was not as large as it might have been, but the parquette and dress circle were nearly filled with ladies and gentlemen.

The speaker was introduced to the audience by Mayor Oakley in a few chosen words and at the onset Professor Shauer put them in a pleasant humor by a deal of good natured wit. He stated the aims of the order which he represented and said that primarily it was for the purpose of stimulating patriotism, or love of country, among the younger people that gave birth to the order. The name, he said, was something of a misnomer. It was not a society of mechanics and neither were all of its members young. Anyone who was imbued with a love of country and was willing to subscribe to the tenets of the order might join.

The speaker then began by giving some of the forces which he claimed were menacing the welfare and future existence of this country. At the head of everything he placed unrestricted foreign emigration. He gave statistics to show the rapid increase of pauper emigrants in this country and stated that the large percentage of criminals and inmates of poorhouses were foreign born. Continuing he said, "I am a protectionist on a gigantic scale. We may differ as to protection of capital, but there is but one solution to the problem of the protection of American labor and American institutions. It is a mighty barrier which I would build to keep out the hordes of paupers, criminals and anarchists from the old world. At Castle Garden would I begin the emancipation of my beloved America. When the inspector at New York harbor examines a cargo of fruit and finds it unhealthy what does he do? Orders it thrown overboard. But down in the dark and foul smelling steerage is a danger which menaces, ten times over, the people of America—the health and life blood of the nation. It is a dirty, greasy gang from southern Europe with only a chunk of black bread in their pockets and tags on their backs—denoting that they are to be handled like so many cattle instead of humane beings. Straightway these things (if they are not anarchists) enter into direct competition with American labor. They get their $1.00 or $1.50 per day and the sum total of their expenses per diem is how much? Fifteen cents! How long will the American people stand this sort of thing."

The speaker went on to state that after emigration had been restricted the proper thing for the American people to do would be to promote the American spirit in every way possible and thus offset the influences which were already endangering the republic. He said he did not war with any religion or sect. He pinned his faith to the "little red school house" for so long as the public school system was kept inviolate so long was the nation safe.

The speaker also encouraged the reading of the Bible in the devotional exercises of the schools and closed with a touching peroration "the healing of America."

SOLDIERS' REUNION.

The Survivors of the Twenty-third Indiana Battery.

The Twenty third Indiana battery will hold their annual reunion in this city next Thursday at the G. A. R. hall. The business session will be held during the day and in the evening there will be a camp fire. The committee of arrangements are James Chamberlain and Joseph L. Gruber, of this city, who, with William Bright, are at present the only survivors of the battery residing in this city. The Twenty-third Battery was in active service during the last two and one-half years of the war. Its captain was James H. Myers, of Jeffersonville, Ind. Mr. Chamberlain, of the arrangement committee, says that all old soldiers are invited to participate with them in the reunion.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS.

Arthur Landers Dies at the Feeble Minded Institute.

Clara, the two year old daughter of Christian Rose, the well known grocer, died at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon of cholera infantum. The funeral will be held Wednesday.

LANDERS

Arthur Landers, a young man about twenty three years of age, died this morning at 1:30 o'clock at the feeble minded institution of congestion of the lungs. His father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Landers, were at his bedside when he died, and took the remains to Indianapolis on the 7:00 train this morning. The funeral will occur tomorrow afternoon.

Currency Afloat.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—A statement prepared by the comptroller of the currency shows as follows: Total amount of national bank notes outstanding September 30, 1894, $207,471,-[illegible]; decrease for the month $2,[illegible]. Circulation outstanding against bonds, September 30, 1894, $[illegible]; decrease for the month, $1,[illegible]. Total amount of lawful money on deposit to secure circulation, $[illegible]; increase during the month of August, $6,192,38[illegible]. United States registered bonds on deposit September 29, 1894 to secure circulation, $20[illegible]; to secure public deposits, $11[illegible].

WATCHES RETURNED.

A Thief Who Gives Up Two Fine Timepieces.

Evidently Conscience Stricken—Quiten Robbery—Policeman Whips a Sneak—New Firemen.

Three weeks ago today Mrs. Martha B. Hood, of West Third street, Bloomingdale, reported at police headquarters that she and her family had, during the night, been robbed of $27 in cash and two gold watches. She said the thief entered the house, passed through a room where her daughter and son-in-law slept and carried off the plunder. The police investigated, but got no clue. This morning Mrs. Hood's daughter came to the station house all out of breath and reported that the thief who had stolen the watches had again entered the house during the night and left the watches, which were found near the cellar door early this morning, wrapped up in an old sack. Both watches were running. The money, however, was not returned. A curious feature of the whole affair is the fact that a night or so ago Mrs. Hood dreamed that some rough men had approached her and announced that within a day or so the stolen watches would be returned, but that the money had gone to a warmer clime. The whole affair is shrouded in mystery. Some are of the opinion that the thief, becoming penitent, entered the cellar at the Hood residence and left the tickers where they were found.

ROBBERY LAST NIGHT.

Thieves early last evening entered the home of A. W. Pickard, 102 East Washington street, and stole about $30 in money, a gold watch and chain and some other articles, besides several suits of clothing which were recovered. The thief or thieves gained an entrance to the house through a lower window just off the porch, which had not been fastened. The robbery was first discovered by M. H. Aukenbrook, who found a bundle containing a suit of clothes in the alley back of his barn. Mr. and Mrs. Pickard left home about 4 o'clock and did not return until late. The police investigated but got no clue.

POLICE COURT.

Saturday evening Louis Michael, a cigarmaker, hired a livery rig of Louis Weik, of Hanna street, and went out on a drunk. About 9 o'clock near the west approach of the Columbia street bridge the buggy was upset and Michael thrown heavily to the pavement. The buggy was damaged to the extent of $15. Michael received a very black eye, but was too drunk to be much injured. He was arrested by Superintendent Liggett and this morning was sent to jail for eleven days.

Wm. B. Payton was arrested on St. Mary's avenue for profanity and drunkenness. He was fined $1 and costs and went to jail.

Jas. B. Huddleston, a vag, arrested by Officer Hardendorff, was sent over for fifteen days. The same fellow was arrested last winter on the same charge.

NO DRUNKEN POLICEMEN.

Superintendent Liggett stated this morning that none of the police were being "investigated" for drunkenness. The statements to that effect are mistakes. He also stated that the "spotter" knocked down by an officer last night was spying on his own accord and got just what he deserved. "The board of safety," said the superintendent," does not hire sneaks of this character."

NEW FIREMEN.

At a meeting of the board of public safety this morning the resignation of Firemen George Kibiger and W. S. Saffen were accepted, and Charles Winkelmeyer and Thomas J. Daly were appointed in their places.

ON A STRIKE.

The Journal's Typos Step Out This Afternoon.

They Oppose the Hiring of Keller, as Foreman, in Place of Williamson, Discharged.

Reports were circulated on the streets this afternoon to the effect that the Morning Journal's force of compositors had gone out on a strike.

A SENTINEL representative inquired at the Journal office of the management if there was any trouble. This was emphatically denied, however.

Several printers were standing outside the door and E. C. Alcorn, who was among the number, was also asked if there was any trouble. He said: "There are some slight differences of opinion between the Journal and ourselves, which may be settled in an hour's time or may not. The trouble is over the change of foreman, which was made today. Williamson was let out and Keller, who was suspended for six months recently with the understanding that he be not re-employed as foreman, has been given the forms in defiance of the wishes of the union."

Mrs. Amanda Sanburn and daughter, Mrs. J. B. Conner, have returned from a several days' visit at Decatur.

A. C. Kitt and wife celebrated their tenth wedding anniversary Saturday [illegible]

Cures Rising Breast

"MOTHERS' FRIEND" is the greatest blessing ever offered child-bearing women. I have been a midwife for many years, and in each case where "MOTHERS' FRIEND" was used it accomplished wonders and relieved much suffering. It is the best remedy for rising of the Breast known, and worth the price for that alone.

MRS. M. M. BREWSTER, Montgomery, Ala.

Sent by Express or mail on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle. Book "To Mothers" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate or Personal Security. Rooms 27 and 28, Bank Block.

A. H. BITTINGER.

INSURANCE.

JAMES E. GRAHAM, Attorney at Law. Abstractor of Titles. Insurance, Real Estate, Loan, Collection, Rental Agent. Room 6 Bank Block.... Fort Wayne, Ind

S. C. LUMBARD, Insurance, Real Estate and Loans, Aveline House Block.

D. C. FISHER, Insurance, Real Estate, Loans. No. 31 East Berry street. Fort Wayne, Indiana.

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.

Capital $200,000. Surplus $200,000.

The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.

President—Charles McCulloch. Cashier—John Mohr, Jr.

White National Bank

Capital & Surplus, $222,000.

Pays 3 per cent interest per annum on time deposits.

Safe deposit boxes for rent at $5 per annum.

ARCHITECT.

A. D. ORDWAY, ARCHITECT - AND - SUPERINTENDENT, Office: 12 & 13 Schmidt Block. Fort Wayne, Indiana.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT E. BULSON, JR., Practice Limited to EYE and EAR. No. 22, 23, 24 Pixley-Long Block. Telephone 42. Hours, 9-11 a. m., 2-4 p.m.

G. W. BOWEN, M. D., Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office hours for consultation, from 8 a. m. to 9 a. m., 2 to 3 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 10. Office, No. 21 West Main street, Fort Wayne, Ind. Special attention paid to chronic diseases.

DR. G. H. HAVICE, Diseases of the Nose and Throat. Office Hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m., 6:30 to 8 p. m. Office, No. 48 W. Berry St., Phone, No. 18.

DR. B. GARD—To ladies suffering from ailments peculiar to their sex, may consult me free of charge at my office, 11 West Wayne street. Telephone 265.

DR. G. W. MILLER, EYE and EAR. Office Hours 8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 5 and 6-8 p. m. Spectacles fitted. Office 12 E. Washington St.

DRUGGIST.

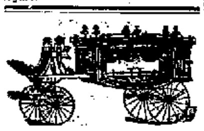
GROSS & PELLENS, DRUGGISTS. Corner Calhoun and Wayne Sts. Phone 16

UNDERTAKERS & EMBALMERS.

KERLIN & BLOOM, Undertakers and Embalmers. Telephone No. 88. 101 Calhoun Street

CLEANING CLOTHING.

GUST SCHUBERT, 65 East Main street. Steam Dye Works. The only house in this country using ELECTRICAL CLEANING APPARATUS, for all kinds of garments without injury.



SCHEUMAN & KLAEHN, Funeral Directors and Embalmers. No. 33 W. Main St., Fort Wayne, Ind. TELEPHONE—For night call. Nos. 175 and 186; for office, No. 22.

CHICAGO MUSICAL COLLEGE

Central Music Hall, CHICAGO. 29th Year Opens September 10th, 1894. Acknowledged the foremost institution of America. Every facility offered for a thorough course in MUSIC and DRAMATIC ART. Catalogue Giving Full Information Mailed Free. DR. F. ZIEGFELD, PRES. CARL ZIEGFELD, MGR.

A. HATTERSLEY & SON

PLUMBERS,

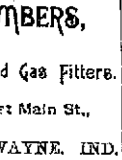
Steam and Gas Fitters.

48 East Main St.,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

ELY'S Cream Balm

Is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Protects the Membrane from Additional Cold. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.



A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price, 50 cents, at druggists by mail; registered, 60c. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

MONDAY, OCT. 1, 1894.

Democratic State Ticket.

Judge of Supreme Court, First District—Geo. E. Reinhard.
Judge of Supreme Court, Fourth District—Joseph S. Dailey.
Secretary of State—William R. Myers.
Auditor of State—Joseph T. Fanning.
Treasurer of State—Morgan Chandler.
Attorney General—Francis M. Griffith.
Clerk of the Supreme Court—C. W. Welman.
Superintendent of Public Instruction—Charles W. Thomas.
State Statistician—Alexander Fulton.
State Geologist—Earl Jones.

Congressional Ticket.

For Congress—W. F. McNagny.

Democratic County Ticket.

State Senator—Thomas E. Ellison.
State Representatives—Louis J. Bobilya, Gideon V. Kell, Christian Heinrich.
Judge of Superior Court—C. M. Dawson.
Judge of Circuit Court—Edward O'Rourke.
Prosecuting Attorney—N. D. Doughman.
Clerk of Courts—Henry M. Metzger.
Auditor—Christian Tresselt.
Recorder—W. Bartholomew.
Treasurer—Jac. Hensel.
Coroner—Dr. M. Harrod.
Surveyor—Chas. Rousseau.
Commissioners—J. H. Stellhorn, (M. A. Fry), Frank F. Bauer.

Wayne Township Ticket.

Trustee—M. F. Schmieder.
Assessor—M. V. Walsh.
Justices of the Peace—H. F. France, M. H. Bosler, Michael Tancey, L. E. Hires.
Constables—Christopher Kelly, C. W. Lindsey, R. F. Johnson, Ferdinand Rosseau.

TONIGHT.

MASONIC TEMPLE—Alba Heywood, in "Edgewood Folks."
CALEDONIAN SOCIETY—Regular Meeting.
TRADES UNIONS—Locomotive Firemen; Bricklayers; Painters and Decorators; Hod Carriers.
LODGES—Phoenix Lodge, No. 101, K of P., Fort Wayne Lodge, No. 14, I. O. O. F.; St Mary's Lodge, No. 14, F. and A. M.
SOCIAL AND DANCE—Working Girls' Union, at A. O. U. W. Hall.
SONS OF COLUMBUS HALL—Social in Honor of Miss Bunker's Class.
WAYNE STREET M. E. CHURCH—Union Prayer Meeting, led by Dr. Moffat.
ST. PAUL'S CHURCH—Meeting of the Young Men's Society.

Democratic Meeting.

The democratic rally in this city next Friday, and the reception to be tendered the evening before by the military companies of the city to Gov. Claude Matthews, will be interesting events and promise to be largely attended. At the rally on Friday Governor Matthews and Hon. David Turpie, Indiana's United States senator, will be the speakers, and they are both entertaining talkers.

A Still Hunt.

The republicans, it seems, are making a still hunt in this county during the present campaign—no brass bands, no firing of cannon, no public speaking, no torch light processions, no nothing only a house to house visitation talking about old times and the crops. Once in awhile some of the over zealous will get excited and tell a big whopper and like the man in "Old Homestead," say they could prove it if Bill Jones was alive, but, alas, he is dead and many of their stories have to be well salted before they will go down. The latest mode of operation is to try to kick up a big muss between the Lutherans and the Catholics and have them chasing one another around the cornfield with a hoe handle. And then again they are trying in ways that are devious to make it appear that the cousins, uncles, grandfathers and great-grandfathers of some of our candidates once held the office of 'squire or high constable and for that reason they should be unceremoniously retired to private life. It is lots of fun to conduct a still hunt and as long as the walking is good it will be continued.

Encouraging Business Outlook.

In THE SENTINEL today we give an exhaustive review of the business situation of this city as viewed from a manufacturing standpoint and gleaned by our railroad reporter from interviews had by him with the proprietors and managers of the different manufacturing establishments and railroad shops of the city. The resume is an impartial and uncolored one, free from partisan feeling, and was compiled for the purpose of enabling our readers to judge what the outlook was for business and work for the winter months, which we are soon to enter. Notwithstanding the fact that the past year has been a depressing one in almost every avenue of the commercial world, our resume shows that business has recovered from this shock and is now on a firm basis with the prospect of a sure and steady increase. Indeed the outlook is a most cheering and encouraging one, and justifies the assertion on our part that better times are not only coming but that they are here already, and here to stay. The industrial wheel, which has been out of gear so long, has been repaired and is now moving all right. Factories and shops have started up with a prospect of running regularly and giving employment to a large number of workmen, and on every hand, here in this city, there are multiplied evidences of a business boom which has come to stay. Fort Wayne, with its large railroad and manufacturing interests, suffered from the recent business depression, but, under the reviving influences of trade, it has been quick to respond, and there is every reason to believe that this city is entering upon an era of good times.

Life Is as We Make It.

Probably every one who has ever read anything, dolefully quotes "The melancholy days have come," etc., as soon as they hear the first whistle of the wind or note the first scurrying company of dried leaves before a nipping autumn gust. It belongs to this season of the year to make believe you feel depressed and, perhaps, in reality many do, but why should these days be melancholy? Why should they be called the saddest of the year?

If the leaves did not fall we would never enjoy that blissful, keen awakening of nature in the spring, and if the winds did not howl we would never fully appreciate the glorious warmth of an open fire and shaded lamps and cozy evenings spent in the company of pleasant people and good books, while all without is cold and drear, the snow piled high up in shifting drifts quite to the doorsill.

To the home maker autumn and winter mean more than the other seasons. They incite the housewife to culinary achievements that will prove most gratifying to the lord and master after he has waded home through storm and sleet to the cozy comfort of his own dinner table. The very fixing up of the house for winter brings with it a sense of restful content. As the heavy curtains are hung we fancy how delightful it will be to draw them close together some evening when the rain drops beat hard and fast against the pane and all we love most in the world are shut in within the shelter of the home nest.

After all life is as we make it. Come winter, come summer, if we but cultivate in our hearts the perpetual greenness of cheerfulness, the sunshine of content, it will not matter whether the skies are blue or gray, the earth covered with a carpet of velvety verdure or a mantle of snow. Think of this when a feeling of loneliness or depression creeps over you and battle it with the weapons that lie always close at hand. What matter though the wind howl if there is no surging tempest of passion in your own breast. Life may be to us all the sweetest, best and brightest possession if we only choose to plan it so.

NAME FULL TICKETS.

It Keeps Up the Organization and Gathers Unexpected Plums.

"It should be the duty of every county chairman to see that a complete ticket is in the field," said Chairman Taggart the other day. "The advantages are far more than I can readily enumerate, but chief among them is the benefit of keeping a party organization. It is utterly impossible to keep up interest and get out a full vote without a local ticket in the field. Therefore it should make no difference how great the Republican majority in a locality full county and township tickets should be placed in the field and active canvass made. It is really surprising what a good effect this has. And it not infrequently happens through local disaffection or the personal popularity of candidates that Democrats capture some good offices even in the most hopeless Republican strongholds. Take the case of Wayne county for instance. Though it is the strongest Republican county in the state, the Democrats have kept up their organization and made their fight always. As a result they have not only greatly aided the state ticket but every once and awhile capture a fat office, as, for instance, sheriff and auditor, when the Republicans had an immense majority on the rest of the ticket. It is the observation of these results that makes me so persistent in urging that a complete ticket be placed in the field in each county and township. If this is done this fall Indiana is just as certain to go Democratic as election day is to come."

Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston, the historical writer of Washington, has found out enough facts and sayings about the Father of His Country to make something worth reading and printing for every day in the year. For instance, on Feb. 16, 1778, Washington wrote from Valley Forge, "Naked and starving as they are, we cannot enough admire the incomparable patience and fidelity of the soldiery, that they have not ere this been excited by their sufferings to a general mutiny and dispersion." On Feb. 17 he sent to the states of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware and Virginia an appeal for cattle for his starving soldiers and wrote with his own hand, "A bountiful price will be given, and the proprietors may assure themselves that they will render a most essential service to the cause of their country." Miss Johnston has published her valuable collection of data in a book called "George Washington Day by Day." It will be a good thing to have in the family and in school. It will make a birthday book, too, each one being thus able to note what happened to Washington on the date of the person's birth. The author designs her work especially for the young people of America. She wrote it in the patriotic hope of making the rising generation know Washington better and revere him more.

A young woman missionary lately arrived in Japan wants everybody to know there is a country on earth where people seem to enjoy life as if it were all an endless dream of fruits, flowers, lakes and mountains. It is pleasant to know there is a nation on earth where people enjoy themselves. In the midst of our grinding, straining society, where people get up before daylight to cheat and get the better of one another in a bargain; where they break down from nervous prostration and grow old, blind and deaf before their time trying to get rich, it is blissful just to read of a people that live to enjoy themselves and help others enjoy themselves—a land whose inhabitants are all gentle, polite and good natured and inclined to be honest. By the way, what do we want to convert the Japanese for?

In addition to adopting the Omaha platform the Populists of the Newark (N. J.) congressional district have added some platform of their own. One plank is a declaration in favor of a constitutional amendment providing for the election of United States senators directly by the people. Another plank calls for the attachment of a penalty clause to the eight hour labor law. Resolutions favoring woman suffrage and the initiative and the referendum went through unanimously. In another resolution these New Jersey Populists declare themselves of the opinion that the action of the federal courts in the Pullman strike cases threatens the existence of the citizen's right to trial by jury.

The Japanese show they are up to date in warfare in all respects. Among other things their sending a corps of trained women nurses from Tokyo to the military hospital at Seoul proves it. Japan, too, will have her Florence Nightingale. China, on the other hand, has no military hospitals and no army surgeons in the civilized meaning of the term.

The war has shown Japan what she needs. One thing was new telegraph lines, and she sent at once over to the United States to get the men who could build it for her. She knew where to apply. Mr. A. W. Colton, formerly electrician of the Erie road, goes to Japan Oct. 1, taking with him 25 expert telegraph operators and linemen.

Hundreds of people lead a humdrum life.

ALL IN SCHOOL AGAIN.

Now for Another Winter of Hard Brain Work.

Education Too Often Obtained at the Expense of Nerve Force.

Parents Study the Problem of Keeping Up the Health at School.

School has been open nearly a month. The streets are crowded with "shining morning faces," full of eagerness and ambition.

Anxiety of parents begins. Will these young boys and girls stand the nervous strain?

Every year thousands of bright and interesting boys and girls are fatally injured by the indiscriminate and excessive school work.

Pale lips, languor, little eagerness for play, irritability, and loss of strength, show that the close application is making sad inroads upon their health. There should be no delay in building up the child's system, and feeding the worn-out nerves with Paine's celery compound. Parents find their children quickly gain strength and color and increased weight from this remarkable nerve food. It is peculiarly suited to the needs of their weakened powers of digestion and assimilation.

During the school year thousands of children pursuing studies with an ambitious eagerness altogether out of keeping with their strength, have been enabled to keep in school and at work and to recover health and nerve strength by a careful use of Paine's celery compound, first prescribed by Dartmouth's great professor, Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D. Parents who have studied the problem of how to build up their children's health while at school have found that Paine's celery compound brought vigor and strength by keeping the blood pure and the nerves and tissues richly nourished.

Physicians in all parts of the country earnestly recommend Paine's celery compound to parents.

EX-VICE PRESIDENTS.

LEVI P. MORTON IS THE ONLY ONE NOW LIVING.

Most of His Predecessors Lived In Obscurity After Retiring From the Office—Some Notable Exceptions—Interesting Facts Concerning the Vice Presidency.

Levi Parsons Morton is the Republican nominee for governor of New York, and the fact revives the old discussion as to what becomes of the vice presidents and what sort of men they are anyhow. There is a vague impression among the people that a vice president doesn't amount to much, and he has been compared to the fifth wheel on an artillery wagon—to be put on in haste when another wheel is broken; to a sneedsanmanm, or wooden block which fills the place of a book on a library shelf, and to many other things.

At the bottom of all the chaff are a few grains of truth. The vice president has less power than any other high official. For obvious reasons he nearly always comes from a different wing of the party from the president and is often at outs with his chief. It is also taken for granted that if he succeeds to the presidency by the death of his chief he will create a schism in his party, and in three cases out of a possible four he has done it. Another old fact is that since 1840 or thereabouts the office has been considered as of less consequence than previously.

Nevertheless several great men have occupied the vice presidential chair. Three of them were elected to the presidency while in the office, and four obtained it by

LEVI P. MORTON.

succession after the president's death. Five have died in office, and Daniel D. Tompkins barely outlived his second term. One resigned to become a senator, and four attained high honors in their states after leaving the chair. As a rule, they have been older than the presidents they served with, and several have lived to a very advanced age. Adams and Jefferson, also presidents, died at 90 and 83, Hamlin at 82, Aaron Burr at 80 and Martin Van Buren at nearly the same age. John Cabell Breckinridge was the youngest to hold the office and died at 54. Daniel D. Tompkins died at 51 and Chester A. Arthur at 56, while all the others lived to a fair old age.

Another interesting fact is that the original idea, or it might be called the intent, of the framers of the constitution was soon completely nullified. They were still infected with European notions and expected the vice president to be rather the favorite candidate for the succession. Adams did succeed his chief and so did Jefferson, but with the next man, Burr, the precedent was broken, and only Martin Van Buren has since been promoted in that way. After Burr it seemed to be taken for granted that the secretary of state was to succeed his chief by what was called the "easy succession," but Andrew Jackson broke this precedent and many other precedents, and so the modern system was inaugurated.

George Clinton and Elbridge Gerry, fourth and fifth in the line, were truly great men in their states for many years before their election to the vice presidency, and both died in that office, Clinton after holding the place seven years and Gerry before the close of his second year. Daniel D. Tompkins of New York, seventh in the line, was worried into temporary insanity by charges of embezzlement, as he had got his accounts confused as a disbursing officer in the Revolution, took to stimulants for relief and died soon after quitting the chair. John C. Calhoun had so brilliant a career as senator that his vice presidency was but a minor feature of his greatness. Van Buren survived to become a Free Soil candidate for the presidency, and his vice president, Richard M. Johnson, was also great in other offices.

John Tyler was vice president exactly one month, and his character is still in dispute. George Mifflin Dallas, the next in order, was great in every relation of life. As student he took the highest honors at Princeton, as lawyer he was remarkably successful, as secretary to Albert Gallatin when the latter was minister to Russia he won high praise, and as assistant secretary of the treasury he was very efficient. He was in turn mayor of New York city, United States attorney for that district, United States senator, attorney general of Pennsylvania and minister to Russia, and filled every post with honor. As vice president he cast the deciding vote which made the Polk Walker tariff of 1846 a law, and ... of ... down from ...

he stepped up, and as minister to England in 1856-61 conducted the most delicate negotiations with success. Beginning his career as a diplomat during the second war with Great Britain, he lived to see the war for the Union an assured success.

Of all the 23 none has filled more offices or filled any more acceptably. He was equally successful as an author and happy in private life, and nearly all his near relatives attained to eminence. His father was noted as lawyer, editor and judge and secretary of the treasury under President Madison, his brother James reached a high rank in the navy, and his brother Charles became a noted author in England, while other relatives attained eminence in other lines. The family was one of remarkable talents.

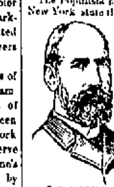
William R. King was put on the ticket with Franklin Pierce because it was believed to be a political necessity, though it was questioned if he would live through the campaign. He took the oath of office in bed, at his hotel in Cuba, a special act of congress having provided therefor, and died six weeks later. He had been a man of some eminence in Alabama, but almost an invalid during the last third of his life. Henry Wilson and Thomas A. Hendricks have since died in office. Of Breckinridge, Johnson and Colfax the critics are still disputing. Mr. Morton is 70 years old, and so the politicians need not worry about his future. His great success has been as a New York banker, and as minister to France in 1881-5.

J. H. BEADLE.

A COMBATIVE CANDIDATE.

C. H. Matthews Makes Hard Fight Against the Standard Oil Company.

The Populists scarcely expect to carry New York state this year, but they have nominated an interesting candidate for governor in the person of Charles B. Matthews of Buffalo. Mr. Matthews gained a national reputation for his wonderful and successful fight against the Standard Oil company, and he is one of the few—very few—men



C. B. MATTHEWS.

who have given much study to the questions of labor, monopoly and money, and done much to help new movements and still prospered greatly in business. Mr. Matthews was born in Wyoming county, N. Y., in 1845, and was reared on a farm. In 1866 he went to Kansas and engaged in farming and real estate transactions, but in 1873 located in Butler county, Pa., where he was successful in producing oil. In 1878 he bought the farm on which he was reared, decided that oil in paying quantities could be found in that part of New York, leased 15,000 acres and bored at great length. Oil was not found, but the celebrated stratum of Wyoming salt was penetrated by the drill, and so the great salt industry of western New York was developed. In 1881 Mr. Matthews located in Buffalo and organized the Buffalo Lubricating Oil company, for the manufacture of lubricating and illuminating oils, which was soon involved in a series of harassing suits with the Standard Oil company. It was stated, and generally believed, that a high official of the great corporation said a suit would be begun every month, and, if this was not sufficient to destroy the new company, then one every week. Of the multitude of suits only one was decided against Mr. Matthews' company, and then only 6 cents were awarded to the plaintiff.

Having obtained evidence of a design to ruin his industry, Mr. Matthews brought suit against several Standard officials and got a verdict for $20,000. An appeal was taken, and on trial new evidence was disclosed which led Mr. Matthews to begin another suit, this time for $250,000. After being six years in the courts this suit was dismissed by order of the court, but Mr. Matthews succeeded in convicting certain parties of a conspiracy to blow up his refinery, and they paid a fine.

Mr. Matthews was a Republican until three years ago, when he became a Populist. He is an ardent advocate of municipal control of lighting and telephones and of government control of natural monopolies. He still lives in Buffalo and is president of the Buffalo Refining company.

A PROGRESSIVE WOMAN.

Mrs. May Wright Sewall a Leader In the National Council of Women.

The international council of women which is to convene in Washington next February bids fair to be the most interesting of the series. Among the foreign ladies who have promised to take part are the Countess of Aberdeen, now president of the council, Florence Fenwick Miller, Lady Henry Somerset, Mrs. Agnes McLaren and Mrs. Ormiston Chant. It may be said in a general way that this is a federation of all the bodies which work for the elevation of women throughout the world, and therefore all woman's work and all woman's needs are properly the subject of its action.

The national council of the United States, of which Mrs. May Wright Sewall is president, she being also vice president of the international body, besides its general work, makes a specialty of four subjects, each of which is attended to by a special committee. Mrs. Lucia E. Blount of Washington heads the committee on equal pay for equal work. Its present aim is to secure a law abolishing the distinction between the pay for men and women in all government offices, thus establishing a precedent which the ladies think will be potent with individual employers. Another committee is working for reform

MRS. MAY WRIGHT SEWALL.

in the divorce laws of the various states, while another concerns itself with dress reform.

Mrs. Sewall was born in Milwaukee, a descendant of one of the oldest New England families, was graduated in 1866 from the Northwestern university at Evanston, Ills., and after teaching a few years married Edwin W. Thompson of Paw Paw, Mich. He died in 1876, and in 1880 she married Theodore L. Sewall of Indianapolis. Mrs. Sewall has since resided in that city, where she has a large training school for girls, but her work has for several years had a national scope. She is equally able as speaker, writer and organizer and has been president of several bodies. Governor Hovey appointed her a member of the Indiana board of commissioners at the Chicago World's fair, and there she presided over the woman's congress.

The national council now has 17 organizations federated and contains over 700,000 members. It was organized in Washington in 1888, on the fortieth anniversary of the first woman's rights convention, held in Seneca Falls, N. Y., in 1848. The state and local councils also consist of federations of many different organizations, as being represented in that of Minneapolis and 63 in that of Indianapolis.

Relieved.

Judge—How did you ever dare to claim Miss Rester?

Nibs—She was speaking of landlubbers that might as well drown as go to sea, and remarked, "What a fortunate place to be held up!"

Judge—Yes?

Nibs—Well, I held her up.—Life.

HER CONSTANT FEAR.

THE SHATTERED NERVES OF THE QUEEN OF HOLLAND.

The Little Dutch Monarchy In Peril—Misfortunes That Follow a Popular Princess—Pauline Metternich's Losses—Foreign Correspondence of Real Interest.

[Special Correspondence.]

PARIS, Sept. 16.—Of all the crowned heads of Europe there is no one upon whom the cruel murder of President Carnot has created so profound an impression as the little 14 year old queen of the Netherlands. Her father having been some 63 years of age at the time of her birth, it is only natural that she should be possessed of an exceptionally nervous temperament and delicate constitution. Unfortunately this fact was not sufficiently taken into consideration in communicating to her the news of the tragedy at Lyons, which, in response to her eager and persistent inquiries, was related to her in all its ghastly details.

QUEEN WILHELMINA OF HOLLAND.

Since then she has not been able to speak or think of anything else. She sees anarchists on every side and at every turn and lives in constant fear of sharing the fate of President Carnot, her apprehensions on this score having been strengthened by the circumstance that during the recent public ceremonies in the island of Walcheren some peculiarly evil looking individual managed to get sufficiently close to her to be able to throw into the royal carriage copies of anarchist manifestoes menacing the life of both queens and predicting the speedy overthrow of the Dutch monarchy. At the present moment the nervous system of little Wilhelmina seems to be entirely shattered, and the utmost care will have to be observed if she is to recover her health of mind and body in a sufficient degree to live to attain her majority. To what an extent her subjects are interested in her welfare may be realized when it is known that it is this delicate child's life which constitutes the sole safeguard of the independence of the Netherlands as a nation. Should she die without leaving any children the crown would devolve upon her aunt, the reigning Grand Duchess of Saxe-Weimar, and subsequently upon the latter's eldest son, the hereditary grand duke. This would mean that Holland would be brought within the sphere of the confederation known as the German empire, and the easy going Hollanders would in course of time be called upon to submit to the same military obligations, onerous taxation and detrimental commercial restrictions as the other states of the German empire.

Princess Pauline Metternich has contributed so much to the pleasure, the gayety and the joyousness of the European world, both of high and low degree, that it seems unjust that the eventide of her once merry life should be saddened by so many misfortunes. It is not three years ago that she lost her favorite daughter, Pascaline, in the most shockingly sudden manner, under circumstances that have always been shrouded in so much mystery as to give color to the rumors that she committed suicide. Countess Pascaline's husband, Count George Waldstein, followed her to the grave a year later, having blown his brains out in a fit of temporary insanity due to alcoholism. Thereupon a most painful lawsuit ensued with regard to the disposal of his immense property, during the course of which matters in connection with his treatment of his wife were brought to light that cannot have failed to terribly mortify and grieve the princess, who was summoned to give testimony as to the character of her son in law on the witness stand. And now, to crown her misfortunes, her magnificent Bohemian castle of Plassy, which has been her principal home ever since her husband surrendered his post of ambassador to the court of the Tuileries 24 years ago, has been burned over her head. Not a thing has been saved from the flames, except the family archives and the jewels of the princess, but all the priceless art treasures collected by her and by her illustrious father in law, the great Metternich of the first Napoleonic era, have been reduced to ashes, and nothing remains of this palatial country seat but the bare walls. It was here that the princess was to be seen at her best. Built in the past century, the chateau, designed by one of the most famous architects of Germany, contained some 150 rooms, including a chapel which was almost a church and a theater capable of seating 300 people. Guests were allowed to spend their time as they listed, provided they were punctual in their attendance at meals, the lunch generally taking place at noon under a tent in the superb forest by which the chateau is surrounded.

The princess herself is a splendid shot and used to take part in most of the battues and deer stalking expeditions. Dinner was invariably served at 8 o'clock, and afterward everybody would assemble in the salons, the prince, who is an enthusiastic musician, usually taking his place at the piano, while the remainder of the party would organize games similar to those which constituted so memorable a feature of the Monday evening parties of Empress Eugenie at the Tuileries and at St. Cloud, everybody smoking, including, of course, the princess, whose customary weed was a cigarette, but who did not occasionally disdain a large and strong Havana cigar. At 10 o'clock the princess would retire for the night, having with advancing age become partial to early hours instead of those late ones for which she was distinguished when Austrian embassadress at Paris. Of course the princess still retains her celebrated castle of Johannisberg, on the Rhine. But, although picturesque itself, the castle's surroundings can hardly be considered as such, the entire sides of the hill upon the summit of which it is perched being given up to the growth of the grape which yields that most royal of all white German wines—namely, the Chateau Johannisburg.

GEORGE F. WEST.

NEW ORLEANS PICTURES.

Peculiarities and Personalities Noted by a Close Observer.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 21.—I got up early yesterday morning and strolled toward the French market, where I got some of the most delicious coffee I have ever had the luck to taste. Its effect upon me was like that of some rare old wine. It warmed, soothed and penetrated from crown to toe. A fat old negro, white capped and white aproned, served it to me across a stall. Around me was the hurry and bustle of buying and selling. People passed, chattering in the creole patois, negroes cried out about the merits of their wares in shrill, whiney voices, flower girls were arranging and tying up little bunches of flowers, horses and carts were backing and starting, drivers were showering promiscuous benedictions, and baskets were everywhere. So were flies.

This is the city of eternal sun, steady, penetrating heat and quick burial after death. A body is kept in the house no longer than 24 hours. Notices of death are posted on telegraph poles. If the deceased be Frenchman of French extraction, a flying trimmer and a band playing mournful airs form part of the escort which sees them to their last resting place. To avoid dampness, they are buried above the ground. This is because of the fact that New Orleans is below sea level. The burying places are huge stone buildings, where the bodies are laid into a sort of shelf, which is afterward walled up. On looking at one of the shelves I was reminded of Poe's weird tale, "The Cask of Amontillado," wherein Montresor revenges himself upon his enemy by walling him up alive.

To my mind Canal street at night presents one of the most beautiful city sights in the world. It is very wide and is lit up by electric lights, which blaze from the tops of high columns. These columns stand in the center of the street and extend along for miles. The effect of the lights piercing in a straight line through the distance is a fine one.

On Royal street are the great gambling houses. They are fitted up after a tasteful and luxurious fashion and are open day and night, workday and holiday. Wheels whir, balls roll and cards shuffle on forever. The voice of the croupier as he rakes in or pays out is as never ending and monotonous as the murmur of the sea. There is at least one thing that may be said in favor of these gambling hells. They are truly democratic institutions. All may enter. It matters not how shabby the attire, how disreputable and how down the appearance. If a man has no money to get himself a place to sleep at night, he may go in and sit down. He is welcome to share the light and warmth. The tramp may jostle elbows with the rich, well groomed blood, and there is no one either to censure or to eject. He need not be ashamed because of his meanness of dress, for no one notices or criticises.

The police here look small and insignificant when one begins to compare them with the well fed, intellectual looking giants who are at once the rulers and ornaments of Broadway, in New York. The day before yesterday I saw one of them arrest a man for playing craps upon the sidewalk. A few hours afterward I went up to this prop of civilization as he was marching grandly along his beat and asked him in a civil, awed sort of way why people were arrested for gambling when gambling was the most cherished institution of the state. The dignified copper slid down from the starry realm of his dignity and staid long enough on the solid earth to inform me curtly that if people wished to gamble they should go to the places that the state had licensed for that purpose. Then he resumed his noble stride and moved onward.

On the levee at night the negro roustabouts collect together and sing part songs. Some of them have fine voices, and the harmonic effects produced are often very peculiar and beautiful. They are a happy go lucky lot of fellows, who work like dogs during the day—for roustabouting on a Mississippi freightboat is the hardest work imaginable—and forget about it at night over their songs. On their faces is the jolly, contented expression belonging to a race untouched by the scar of introspection. A long time will elapse before their head will be bothered by economic problems. So let the capitalist rejoice.

It is odd to think of Uncle Sam having citizens that cannot speak English, but it is a fact nevertheless. There are people born and bred in Louisiana who are as ignorant of the language current in the United States as in all probability were Bienville, Carondelet and the other adventurers who sailed over from France in the days of Louis XIV.

Not long ago I was in St. Martinsville, a place about 60 miles from New Orleans. Before the war it was called the Versailles of Louisiana. Around about it is the country that Longfellow immortalized in his poem, "Evangeline," which I read while reclining luxuriously in a hammock, smoking cigarettes. I was charmed with the poem, but discovered that Longfellow had that ethereal disregard for sober, solid fact peculiar to the sober, poetic soul. Readers of "Evangeline" may remember this line:

"On the banks of the Teche lie the towns of St. Maur and St. Martin."

Now, as a matter of fact, there is no such town as St. Maur anywhere in or near the vicinity, never was such a town and in all likelihood never will be. So the oldest inhabitant around—a man with lengthy, white whiskers—informed me. "St. Maur" is a dream—an airy, fairy thing. Longfellow worked it in to round out the rhyme. I noticed some other "poetic license," but just now I forget what they were. Poets will be poets.

The Acadians—or "Cajons," as they are now called—are a set of people principally given to the bringing into the world of large families. Their language is the French of 200 years ago corrupted and twisted out of all likeness to the French of today. They are small and underfed looking. Their faces are of a pale yellow color, because the swamplands in which they live are full of malaria.

None of them can read or write, and they are looked down upon by every one. Even the long heeled, chicken stealing negro thinks that he is pegs and pegs above "dem white trash." Fishing, hunting, the raising of a little corn and the paying of no rent are the methods by which they live. Their intelligence is of too low a caliber to allow of their working themselves to death for other people, as do their brainy white brethren, who enjoy life in great cities.

In New Orleans the firemen, after the putting out of a fire in the nighttime, go along the streets singing. It struck me as being an odd and picturesque custom. But I must close, for the dinner bell is ringing in the little French restaurant where I am stopping. Outside is the garden, where there are beautiful orange trees. New Orleans is a gay city. Au revoir!

BART KENNEDY.

Couldn't Fool Him.

The old Charleston good livers were given to boasting of their wines, and some of their cellars were stored with the oldest and the best. One of them, the well known Mr. L., said that he had $70,000 worth of wine in his cellar when his house was burned during the war. He thought himself and was thought to be the best judge of wine in the state.

At a dinner party where he was a guest it was secretly arranged to bring him into disgrace in the matter of judgment, and the host sent out to a grocer's and for $1 bought a bottle of wine and had it placed upon the table as a specimen rare and extraordinary. Mr. L. pronounced it the best they had and said:

"I recognize the vintage—it is 1784. There is nothing better than this in America."

The shout of laughter that followed assured him that he had been sold, and the host explained that he had just procured it "round the corner."

"Send for the man," said Mr. L., "and let me see if this is so."

The man soon appeared, and Mr. L. said to him:

"I will hold you harmless if you tell me frankly where you got that bottle of wine."

"Well," answered the grocer, "if you will know, I bought it of one of your servants."—Exchange.

Anatomy of a Kiss.

It is thoughtlessly said that man kisses woman, but it is not so. It may be set down as a principle or dogma that it is always the woman who kisses the man. On such occasions man acts only in a responsive and not in an initiative capacity.

To produce a kiss only two things are necessary, and man, except by his mere presence, has nothing to do with its origin. The first circumstance is the opportunity, and the second is the desire existing, though unexpressed, in the woman's own heart and mind to be kissed.

When these conditions are present, there is sure to be some kissing, for the woman will find a dozen ways that cannot be defined convey the idea to the man, and he, if he be not altogether a stick, will respond to her will. Therefore in all cases of true kissing it is the woman who kisses and not the man. Man simply responds to a power and influence that he cannot resist. That power lies in a woman, and if it is not present there will not be any kissing.—Steam Messenger.

Well Bred.

She on the Right—Mrs. Newrich is certainly a most odious person. I really believe that she thinks more of her dog than she does of her boy.

She on the Left—I haven't a doubt of it. You see her dog has a pedigree.—Boston Budget.

Definite.

"Mamma, is a lady who marries a baron a baroness?"

"Yes."

"And is a lady who marries a Dutchman a duchess?"—Truth.

In Childhood's Happy Days.

Among the incidents of childhood that stand out in bold relief, as our memory reverts to the days when we were young, none are more prominent than severe sickness. The young mother vividly remembers that it was Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cured her of croup, and in turn administers it to her own offspring and always with the best results. For sale by druggists.

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NET ASSETS.

July 1, 1890........$	137,986 36
July 1, 1891........	384,143.22
July 1, 1892........	687,006.69
July 1, 1893........	1,051,508.40
July 1, 1894........	1,134,047.78

LOANS

July 1, 1890........$	133 217 08
July 1, 1891........	372,076.03
July 1, 1892........	670,041.83
July 1, 1893........	1,023,186.33
July 1, 1894........	1,112,002.71

NET PROFIT.

July 1, 1890........$	4 350.37
July 1, 1891........	24,520.16
July 1, 1892........	64,875.82
July 1, 1893........	123,883.76
July 1, 1894........	184,802.54

Board of Officers.

President..........George W. Pixley
Vice President..........D. N. Foster
Secretary..........C. A. Wilding
Treasurer..........J. W. Bell
Attorney..........W. J. Vesey

Directors:

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Geo. W. Pixley,	W. J. Vesey,
C. A. Wilding,	W. E. Mossman,
J. F. W. Mayer,	S. F. Bowser,
Louis Fox,	C. D. Law,
J. W. Bell,	P. A. Randall,
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WANTED—Salesman; salary from start, permanent place. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Chicago, Ill. 8-1-2t-eod-1m

WANTED—Situation as stenographer and typewriter, can give good reference. Address "P. S." Sentinel Office. 29-6t

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FOR RENT—A northwest corner room on west side of Calhoun street; heated by steam, lighted by electric light, space 13x25. Elegant location for barbershop. Address Sentinel. 17-t

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FOR RENT—Seven-room house with bath, hot and cold water, natural gas, gas meter, etc., within ten minutes walk of court house. Rent $13 per month to right party. Inquire 131 Wells St. 21-tf

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FOR SALE OR TRADE—A seven-room house and lot 50x150 feet. Good location. Will sell cheap for cash, or will take in exchange a stock of groceries or 40 acres of land. D. J. Shaw, The Market, 4 and 6 Harrison St. 12-1m

FOR SALE—At Nestel's New Broadway Nursery, fine cultivated pear, cherry, quince, mulberry and apple trees of all varieties, catalpa, Norway maples, pyramid evergreens, current, gooseberry and the finest grape vines ever offered. Doors open Monday, Oct. 1, and every day until winter sets in. D. Nestel, Proprietor. 29-21

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MISCELLANEOUS.

THE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE formerly at No. 20 W. Washington St. has removed to No. 212 Calhoun St., where ladies who are in need of help, also good girls wishing employment will be waited upon by Agnes Laidlaw, successor to E. Fitzgerald. 12-1m

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.

All parties having knowledge of acts of cruelty to animals or children will greatly favor and assist the Fort Wayne Humane Society by telephoning or writing such information to Officer Schaudroff, 82 Clinton street. Telephone F. M.

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BETTER TIMES.

Fort Wayne's Industrial Interests Recover From Their Lethargy.

Work Resumed With Old Time Vigor and Men Who Have Been Idle are Being Reemployed.

There is every reason to believe that prosperous times are returning and that very soon every industry in this country will be carried on with the vim and energy which characterized it just previous to the panic of 1893. With a view of getting the exact situation in industrial affairs in this city, a SENTINEL reporter called at the offices of the managers of the various shops and factories in the city, and wherever he found those gentlemen in, interviewed them concerning the conditions of trade. The result was highly satisfactory and is substantially as follows:

THE FURNITURE TRADE.

A harbinger of good times is the growing activity in this industry. The furniture business is always the first to suffer in a financial panic and is the last to recover after all other industries have regained normal conditions. The first serious blow to the trade was the failure of Frank A. Lappen, of Milwaukee, a heavy dealer, who went into bankruptcy in June, 1893, and pulled the Plankinton bank, from which he had borrowed $700,000, down with him. Then followed failures in Grand Rapids, the greatest furniture manufacturing city in the Union, and at other cities. The stock of these bankrupted firms was thrown on the market, prices declined and profits disappeared. This condition of affairs existed up to a few weeks ago; but, happily, they are now fast disappearing and better times are not only in sight, but are nearly upon us. D. B. Kehler, manager of the Fort Wayne Furniture company, says that, while "business is not booming, the prospects are very bright. Stock is very low and must be manufactured before much traffic can occur. Inquiries are good, however, and manufacturers are starting up their factories." As an indication of the revival of business, Mr. Kehler pointed to the fact that his firm last Friday closed a contract to build 1,000 ladies' writing desks for P. J. Klingman, of Grand Rapids, a wholesale dealer who has the credit of selling more goods than any other man in this country. The desks are wanted just as soon as the firm can turn them out. "The demand for folding beds is not great, yet the company is selling quite a lot of them and still building a few. This firm has recently gotten into the manufacture of church seats and furniture and is enjoying a big trade in that line. At present the factory is working on contracts for churches at Winnipeg, Man., Fremont, Ohio, Warsaw and Plymouth, Ind., Marshaltown and Ackley, Iowa, and Butler Center, Ind. There are many churches now under construction for which the furniture company has been asked to bid on the seating, and there is no doubt but that the works will be busy the balance of the year at least. There are forty men employed in the factory and they work ten hours per day.

THE PAPE INTERESTS.

The Peters' Box and Lumber company, the Fleming Manufacturing company and the Pape Furniture works, are practically one concern, at the head of which is Charles Pape. That gentleman said that he was satisfied with the conditions of trade. The furniture business, he said, was particularly good and his cabinetmakers could not turn out furniture fast enough. Mr. Pape was fortunate inasmuch as he secured recently several large special contracts, which cannot be classed in the general run of the furniture trade. For instance he is building the office and furniture for the First National bank, making some mantles and sideboards for the Rothschilds and doing work of a similar character for other parties. In this way he has kept the cabinetmakers employed nine hours per day for several months. The saw mill is running steadily, though the demand for lumber is very light. Mr. Pape thinks, however, that this branch also will improve later in the season. Business in the Fleming works, where road scrapers are made, has been fairly good and the men have been kept steadily at work. They are now building snow plows and expect a big sale. Mr. Pape gives employment to eighty men, over half of whom are skilled mechanics.

THE KNITTING MILLS.

The Wayne Knitting mills employ a day and night force and keep the machinery in operation twenty two out of the twenty-four hours. The company will finish the winter goods manufacturing season soon and then take up the manufacture of spring and summer goods. Theodore Thieme, the manager, says that his customers do not buy in large lots, but send in orders frequently for small lots. He also said prices were steadily declining, owing to recent increased importations of foreign made goods, but his firm had been able to meet the cut without any material loss and there was no noticeable falling off in the demand for the Wayne mills' products. Mr. Thieme says the outlook for business in the hosiery line is very bright. The company's shop facilities are already inadequate to the business and the building will be enlarged, more machinery put in operation and the force of workmen increased. The machinery is now on the ocean, en route here from Germany, and will be set up as soon as it arrives. The force will then be increased about fifty. There are now employed 125 men and girls in the mills. Most of the men are Germans who came from the old country with the first lot of machinery. They are an industrious and economical people and are investing their earnings in property. Inside of another year every one of them will be domiciled under their own roof. Several of the neat cottages out by the mills are now owned by those machine operators.

BASS FOUNDRY AND MACHINE WORKS.

This establishment now has on its pay-rolls about 700 men and they are pretty busy. The firm recently established a branch office in New York and is now shipping a great deal of machinery east, and reports a bright outlook for a much heavier business in the near future. There are now under construction in the shops twelve Corliss engines. One of these engines is a tandem compound of 2,000 horse power capacity, the largest engine ever built in the works. Other contracts are in sight, and there is no danger of the machine department becoming short on work for the next six months. The foundry department is also doing better at present than it did at any previous time during the past eighteen months. The car wheel shop is running nearly at its full capacity, with the demand for its products increasing. The department where car supplies, locomotive and machinery castings are made is also filled with work. Within the past week two cupolas, which had been idle for some time, were started up and the force of workmen increased accordingly.

THE ORGAN FACTORY.

The Fort Wayne Organ company reports business fairly good with them. With the exception of two weeks, when the machinery was undergoing repairs, the works have been running steadily for five or six months, and giving employment to 120 men. The outlook for business is much more favorable now than it was a year ago, and the firm is employing more men in its shops than it did in 1893. Orders for organs are coming in steadily and in satisfactory numbers. The company is enjoying an unusual heavy trade abroad, and is shipping many instruments to Germany, Austria and Holland. The manager said he believed the works would be able to run steadily during the fall and winter.

BOWSERS' WORKS.

S. F. Bowser, at the head of the Bowser Oil Tank works, thinks the business of the country is improving. In his line trade is much better than it was at this period of the year 1893. "We are working to a slight disadvantage," Mr. Bowser remarked, "owing to the limited capacity of our temporary works, but we will soon move into our new building, when we will be able to turn out oil tanks more rapidly. We now have on our books orders for over 500 tanks and they are still coming in at the rate of about 100 per week." The new factory building, a one-story brick, erected on the site of the old building which was destroyed by fire, is nearly completed. The tin department will be in operation the last of the present week and Mr. Bowser expects to have the entire plant in operation next week. There are employed in the office and shop about sixty men and about forty-five men are on the road constantly. When the new works are in running order it is the intention to increase the force of traveling salesmen to about seventy and they will sell, in addition to oil tanks, a number of novelties which the firm proposes to manufacture. Mr. Bowser says the outlook for trade is very good. His traveling men send in encouraging reports from all parts of the country.

THE WHEEL TRADE.

This business, so far as Fort Wayne is concerned, is entirely in the hands of the Standard Wheel company, whose office headquarters are in Terre Haute. There is no one here who can speak authoritatively as to the prospects for business with the firm. C. M. Crim, the local manager, said he believed business in the wheel trade was picking up. He was in receipt of instructions from headquarters to push the work of getting out and finishing wheel material, and he judged from this that business was increasing. The works in this city were closed a year ago last August. Two weeks ago the spoke department was started up with twenty men and the force has been increased until now there are forty five men employed. Mr. Crim thought it was the intention of the company to run the works only in finishing up stock for the balance of the year and to fill its kilns with rough material. Then, if the business justified such a move, wheelmaking would be taken up and a full force of men, about 250, employed. He was careful to state, however, that he did not speak authoritatively and that just the reverse might be the intention of the officials.

ANTHONY WAYNE WORKS.

A. C. F. Wichman, the manager of the Anthony Wayne Manufacturing company, said: "Fall trade is fully 100 per cent better than it was during the corresponding period of the year 1893." The works employ at present sixty five men, but the working force will have to be increased if present conditions of trade continue. The shop has been in operation all the year with the exception of a few weeks in July, when the railways were crippled by the strike and would not receive freight. The outlook for trade, Mr. Wichman said, was good, "but prices are low and profits small." The company has on hand enough orders to keep its works in operation four or five weeks and more orders are in sight.

RAILWAY SHOPS.

The railway shops are running with a full force and on full time. The work is chiefly repairs on locomotives and cars, though at the Pittsburg east shops a number of freight cars are to be built. The prospects for a busy winter in the shops are very flattering. There are 1336 names on the Pittsburg's shops pay roll, which includes some very small shops at Chicago. The Wabash employs 300 men in its shops in this city.

THE LUMBER TRADE.

"Dull, very dull," was the reply of John Rhinesmith, of the firm of Rhinesmith & Simonson, to our inquiry regarding business. "There has been very little building the past season and scarcely any is going on at present. We have managed to keep our shop running, however, most all the time, but are working the smallest force we have employed for many years." The pay roll for September contained forty names. Mr. Rhinesmith said that the price of building lumber had declined about $2 per 1,000 feet and that the stock everywhere was very low. Should a building boom set in next spring he predicted a scarcity of material and a rapid advance in price.

Neither of the proprietors were in when the reporter called at the office of Louis Diether & Bro., but he was informed that business there was not as good as it was some time ago. The works are running, however, with nearly a full force.

WESTERN GAS CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.

This firm reports a number of contracts on hand, including a new gas plant for the Fort Wayne Gas Light company, now under construction at the works, corner of Superior and Barr streets. The plant is of the latest improved form of apparatus and when completed and put in operation will greatly increase the output of the gas company and improve the quality of its product. The construction company also has a number of other contracts for the same class of apparatus, principally in the east. There are employed by the firm about sixty men, of whom about thirty are permanently employed in the shops and offices in this city. The works are running full time, with fair prospects of continuing in operation throughout the winter.

KERR MURRAY MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

A. D. Cressler, manager, states that his company has enjoyed a fairly active business during the season, considering the depression of business, and at the present time has contracts under construction and erection at points covering territory from New York to Nebraska, and from Texas to northern Michigan. Their machine, wrought iron and foundry departments are running full time, employing about 125 men. The company is just adding a new department to its foundry, that of making light grey iron castings, a branch of the business which has never been carried on in Fort Wayne, and anticipate a very good trade in this line for the winter. They have also under construction a large number of gas and gasoline engines for H. M. Williams, built under the Berger patents, which promise to keep this department busy during the entire winter.

ELECTRIC LIGHT WORKS.

Business at this establishment is fairly good and improving rapidly. The metre and transformer departments are particularly busy and the men are working over time. The firm has had an immense sale of metres for registering electricity at private residences and is now sixty days behind its orders. The same conditions prevail in the transformer department. In the dynamo department affairs have not yet assumed the conditions which prevailed before the general stagnation of business took place, but they are fast approaching that point. Mr. E. H. Barnes said that he placed an order this morning with the foreman of the dynamo department for twelve sixty light arc machines and twelve 1,000 light alternators, with instructions to push the work of construction at once. Mr. Barnes also stated that the firm had just completed the sale of several large plants and more contracts are in sight. J. J. Wood, inventor and chief electrician of the firm, has just returned from the east, where he examined all present types and systems of railway transmission and has devised a system which he thinks will eclipse any now in use. One of the machines is now in course of construction and will be tested in a week or two. This machine is known as the "Multipolar Railroad Generator" and one of its principal features is the adaptation of Mr. Wood's iron clad ventilated armature. The Baltimore works, where street car generators are constructed, is also very busy. It is the intention of the company to remove that establishment to this city some time during the coming winter. There are now employed in the works in this city, exclusive of the clerical and traveling force, 216 men.

HOFFMAN BROTHERS.

This firm deals exclusively in hard wood and business is so good with them that the saw mill and yard men are obliged to work from three to five hours extra daily. John W. Sale, secretary and treasurer of the firm, said: "Values are low, yet our business is increasing. Hard wood timber is becoming scarce, but we are having no trouble in getting all we can handle. We have to haul it farther than we did a few years ago, however, and this adds materially to the cost." Mr. Sale predicted a good winter business. He did not know exactly how many men the firm had on its pay roll, but thought the number was upwards of seventy five.

GARMENT MANUFACTURE.

The Foster Waist factory, the Hoosier Manufacturing company and the Paragon Manufacturing company, who manufacture clothing, are running almost steadily with the usual number of employees.

WAYNE OIL TANK WORKS.

This is a comparatively new establishment, yet it is doing a good business and employs about twenty men. Charles S. Bash, one of the proprietors, said that the business of the past year was beyond their expectations and the future promises still better.

DAILY MENTION.

Dispatcher H. A. Foster, of the Pittsburg, is taking a two weeks' vacation.

Engineer and Mrs. James McMullen are entertaining a new son at their home.

M. E. Tuttle, the dispatcher, has returned home after a week's sojourn at Forrest, Ohio.

It is rumored that Charles Tubbs, stationary engineer at the Bass works, will be married this week to a young lady of Antwerp, Ohio.

Ticket scalpers say that September has been a good month for them, there have been so many low rate excursions and low rates in general.

The St. Louis fair is in season. The Wabash's passenger business is consequently very heavy this week. Special rates are quoted for this week.

The Wabash earned in the third week of September $249,897, a decrease this year of $30,370. Since the first of January a decrease of $1,553,213 is shown.

The Ohio Falls Car works has started up its passenger, as well as freight car building department. Work in the passenger department is confined to rebuilding coaches.

Supt. C. H. Hilton is still at Baltimore, looking after affairs in the Electric Light company's branch shop. From present indications he will be detained at that city for some time.

Thomas Griffin, who has been laid up for the past week on account of a fall he received, is able to be around and expects to go to work in a few days. He is employed at the electric light works.

The Order of Railway Telegraphers claim that their membership has decreased less as a result of the depressed times than has that of any other railway organization. Pittsburg now leads in membership.

The Wabash will run a through car from this city to Indianapolis for the accommodation of the delegates and visitors to the Y. P. S. C. E state convention, which will be held in that city October 11 to 14.

Grover Mattoon, an ex-passenger engineer on the Wabash road, has purchased a farm near Toledo, Ohio, and will quit railroading. He was fortunate in securing a tract of very productive land near the Ketcham stock farm.

Engineer Jack McCarthy, of the Pittsburg, has a model of his patent non derailing switch on exhibition in the office of Road Foreman A. H. Pollamus. It is a great invention and will undoubtedly come in general use.

General Manager Joseph Woods, of the Pennsylvania lines, passed through this city yesterday in his hunting car. He has been hunting in Dakota for several weeks and had a number of deer, prairie chickens and other game on his car.

The Wisconsin Central reorganization committee will start this week on a tour of inspection of the road and on their return will issue a bondholder's agreement and as soon thereafter as possible will submit a plan of reorganization to the bondholders.

W. S. Green, chief electrician of the Chesapeake and Ohio, has equipped two of the passenger trains with electric lights, which are proving a great success. The same batteries which light the train are used for the current, and the lights can be seen at a great distance.

L. E. Lockwood, of Chicago, general agent of the Nickel Plate, says that the Nickel Plate is now handling a much larger tonnage of freights than at the corresponding period last year, and the increase of passenger business since putting on through trains has been much of a surprise.

The movement to have each engineer employ a fireman of his choice is gaining friends, and it is believed it will become quite general eventually. The Soo line was the first to put this plan in operation, and it has proven very satisfactory thus far. In case of strikes it is thought the engineer would have such influence over his fireman that trouble would be avoided.

The Wabash is relaying its tracks between Lafayette and Peru with a heavy steel rail. All the section men between those two cities laid the rail between Delphi and Rockfield Friday and Saturday they performed the same duty at Cass station. Today they are working near Logansport.

The Chicago and Rock Island road has employed and placed a number of "spotters" on its passenger trains, and trouble is likely to grow out of the matter. The Order of Railway Conductors threaten to strike if some of the discharged men are not reinstated. The spotter who caused the dismissal of the men is a pretty woman who passed as a solicitor for the "Trainmen's Guiding Star."

The Logansport papers say that some of the deposed railway engineers are on the verge of starvation and that their wives are taking in sewing to keep the larder supplied. It is hard to believe that any man who has drawn a salary of $125 to $175 per month for years should, in such a short time, be reduced to the conditions mentioned above. None of the engineers in this city who lost their jobs during the strike are that hard up.

MISS MARIE LLOYD.

England's Queen of Concert Hall Singers Will Appear in Gotham.

Marie Lloyd, the pretty little English concert hall singer, who has been bringing the nobility of the British Isle to her feet, is now, and for the next six weeks will be, the idol of Gotham's chappies. Marie arrived the other day accompanied by her sister, Miss Grace. Miss Lloyd is young and fair, with pearly complexion, sun tinted hair, and eyes of an intense blue.

For the past five years Marie Lloyd has been the queen of music halls, holding a position in her own specialty equal to that of Melba in grand opera. Miss Lloyd appeared here about three years ago for a short time, and has originated over twenty music hall selections which have attained international reputation.

"She Winked the Other Eye" is one of them which has not yet been forgotten here. While in America Marie Lloyd will introduce an entirely new repertoire, of which "The Barmaid," "On the Continent," "Mr. Porter" and

MARIE LLOYD.

"Keep Off the Grass" were all the rage, in London while she sang them.

She will remain here for six weeks, and then return to Europe to sing for Sir Augustus Harris in the Christmas pantomime at the Drury Lane theater.

WORD PAINTING.

As They Play and Write About the Game in Indiana.

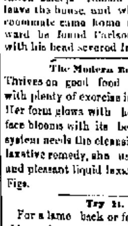
It may be possible to floor the Hoosiers for three or four, they may get it where the hames hang five or six, but it can't be done nine or ten—not in these millennium days anyhow. If there is a section of the Minnehahas upon which the pivotal crowd did not land Thursday, it has not yet been discovered. Parvin and his stilts started in to pitch. He got his basket full in two innings. Then Mr. Frazer, that idol of the Minnehaha cable, was trotted out. He left the box in inning No. 4, hammered until his spirits had fallen into a bottomless well.

Next came the lucky Norman Baker. Under his handiwork the pivots bagged seven runs, so Bake was promptly blanketed and sent back to the stables at the end of the sixth stanza. At this time the score stood 25 to 12 in favor of us. The bugle was sounded for a fresh target and Perry Werden went into the whirlpool. He was sized up in the second stanza for eight runs, and the Minnehahas grew weary. Having a margin of ten to go on we adopted a "*" for the last half of the ninth.

The Minnehahas were completely exhausted from the slaughter, and up to midnight the trail of the five balls that were sent out over the prairie for a home run each had not been struck. And, indeed, your parent was in it, for he made four hits. Mac made five, Henry five and Gray four. The batting and run-getting records for this season were broken, and the glory belongs to everybody but Connie, who didn't get a hit.—Indianapolis Sun.

Nelson's Diabolical Crime.

John Nelson, wanted for the murder of Peter Carlson at West Superior five years ago, was arrested in Chicago the other day by Detectives Elliott, and McCarthy and held at the Central station to await the arrival of the chief of police of West Superior. Carlson, Nelson, and another Swede occupied the same room in West Superior. On the night of Nov. 2, 1890, Carlson retired to his room and when Nelson came in several hours later he had fallen asleep. Nelson was seen to leave the house, and when the third roommate came home shortly afterward he found Carlson dead in bed with his head severed from his body.



JOHN NELSON.

The Modern Beauty.

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant liquid laxative, Syrup of Figs.

Try It.

For a lame back or for a pain in the side or chest, try saturating a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and binding it onto the affected parts. This treatment will cure any ordinary case in one or two days. Pain Balm also cures rheumatism. 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

Mothers, Be sure and use "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. May8eodawly

Harvest Excursions.

To the west, south and southwest, via the Lake Erie and Western railroad, going Sept. 11th and 25th and October 9th, '94. Very low rates for the round trip. 11 24t

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—Wheat, firm; Oct., 51⅜c; Dec., 53⅞c; May, 58⅝c.

Corn, higher; Oct., 49⅞c; Dec., 49⅛c; May, 50⅜@½c.

Oats, steady; Oct., 28⅛c; Dec., 30⅛c; May, 33⅛c.

Pork, lower: Oct., $13.30, Jan., $13.22½.

Lard, lower; Oct., $8.32½; Jan., $7.70.

Ribs, lower; Oct., $7.25; Jan., $6.77½.

Rye, nominal, 47½c.

A Good Thing to Keep at Hand.

From the Troy, (Kansas) Chief.

Some years ago we were very much subject to severe spells of cholera morbus; and now when we feel any of the symptoms that usually proceed that ailment, such as sickness at the stomach diarrhoea, etc., we become scary. We have found Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy the very thing to straighten one out in such cases, and always keep it about. We are not writing this for a pay testimonial, but to let our readers know what is a good thing to keep handy in the house. For sale by druggists.

Home Seekers' Excursions.

One fare for the round trip; limit twenty days. Going to nearly all the southern states, Aug. 7th, Sept. 4th, Oct. 2nd, Nov. 6th and Dec. 4th; going to Michigan, Aug. 14th and Sept. 18th. If you want the very lowest rates for a pleasant and profitable tour, inquire of Agt. L. E. & W. Ry. 23tf

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EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS

FOR THIS WEEK.

Special lot very fine 40-cent straw matting this week at 25c.

Special purchase of twenty-five Antique Oak finish Bedroom suits, with large bevel mirrors in Cheval Dressers; suits worth $25 to $30, selling at $17. Will not last long.

Beautiful Bird's Eye White Maple Bedroom suit—very nobby—worth $75 for $30.50. Dresser has a special shape French mirror in it. This suit would cost you about double if purchased in Chicago or Grand Rapids.

Curly Birch Center Tables—new design, $4.85.

Special sale of 100-piece Dinner Sets of imported and domestic.

Porcelain China at $5.45, $6.45, $8.90, $9.25, and up to $20.90. We save you fully one-third on these goods.

FOSTERS.

ORIGINAL CLOAK & EXCLUSIVE FUR HOUSE

V. GUTERMUTH

52½ CALHOUN ST. FT WAYNE IND

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound

Is a positive cure for all those painful Ailments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life. Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Leucorrhoea than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruations, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health," by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 90 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of either sex the Vegetable Compound is unequaled.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills cure Constipation, Sick Headache, 25c.

All druggists sell the Vegetable Compound, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. Correspondence freely answered.

You can address in strictest confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

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MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Red Seal BOILER Compound

FOR THE

Removal and Prevention of Scale in Steam Boilers.

The attention of engineers and owners of steam boilers is called to the RED SEAL BOILER COMPOUND. It will successfully remove the scale from steam boilers, and also prevent the formation of scale. It is well known that the scale is a powerful non-conductor, and that the waste of fuel is in proportion to the thickness of the scale which becomes attached to the shell, flues, tubes and other parts of the boilers, causing a loss of fuel ranging from one to thirty-seven per cent.

The Red Seal Boiler Compound is entirely free from acids, and does not injure or corrode the iron. In its action it does not vaporize or pass off with the steam. It can be used with perfect safety by Breweries, Dye Houses, Hotels, Refineries, Laundries, and many other establishments too numerous to mention, where pure live steam is required.

It will prevent incrustation and the forming of new scale, without injury to the boiler. The mineral impurities are gradually softened and dissolved, and are then held in suspension until such time as the boiler is blown out under pressure, or washed out when cold.

The compound is in powder form, dissolves easily in warm water, and, as a liquid, can be applied to the boiler through the pump or injector, or in any other convenient way.

All we ask is a trial of RED SEAL BOILER COMPOUND, and we will convince the most skeptical that it is a superior article to many of the so-called boiler compounds on the market.

Directions and price list cheerfully furnished on application.

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HARPER'S PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE CIVIL WAR.

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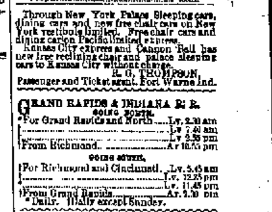

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Trains Run by Central Time as follows:

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

Trains depart from Pennsylvania Station Fort Wayne, Ind.

East Bound.	West Bound.
* 3 30 a. m.	* 3 30 a. m.
* 5 25 a. m. From Chi.	* 5 20 a. m. Limited
†12 55 p. m.	* 3 00 a. m.
* 8 05 p. m.	†11 40 a. m.
* 9 20 p. m. Limited	* 4 30 p. m.
† 7 10 a. m. Crestline	* 5 50 p. m.
†10 55 p.m. From Chi.	* 9 25 p. m. From Crestline.

Wabash Line

Trains Carrying Passengers Leave FORT WAYNE. Schedule of May 20, 1894.

GOING EAST.	DEPART.
New York and Boston Lim., daily	1 46 a m
Toledo Express, except Sunday	1 15 p m
Atlantic Express, daily	1 18 p m
Local Freight	6 00 a m
Lafayette Accommodation arrive, except Sunday	11 00 am
GOING WEST.	**DEPART.**
Pacific Express, daily	1 05 a m
Kansas City Ex., except Sunday	1 35 p m
Lafayette Accom'n, except Sunday	3 30 p m
St. Louis Limited, daily	5 00 p m

INDIANAPOLIS TIME CARD.

Lv Fort Wayne.	Ar Indianapolis
8 05am	2 50pm
1 35pm	6 30pm
5 00pm	11 05pm
8 50pm	3 25pm
Lv Indianapolis	**Ar Fort Wayne**
7 00am	1 00pm
1 20pm	6 05pm
7 00pm	4 48am

Through New York Palace Sleeping cars, dining cars and new free chair cars on New York vestibule limited. Free chair cars and dining car on Pacific limited express. Kansas City express and Cannon Ball has new free reclining chair and palace sleeping cars to Kansas City without charge.

R. G. THOMPSON, Passenger and Ticket agent, Fort Wayne Ind.

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.

GOING NORTH.

*For Grand Rapids and North	Lv. 2.30 am
	Lv 7.40 am
	Lv 2.55 pm
†From Richmond	Ar 10.55 pm

GOING SOUTH.

†For Richmond and Cincinnati	Lv. 5.45 am
	Lv. 12.25 pm
	Lv. 11.45 pm
†From Grand Rapids	Ar. 2.10 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY—Fort Wayne Branch

SOUTHWARD.	ARRIVE.
No. 151 Way Freight	5 55 pm
No. 155 Cin. Express and Mail	10 25 am
No. 159 Detroit & Ind'p'ls Express	3 55 pm
NORTHWARD.	**DEPART.**
No. 152 Way Freight	6 40 am
No. 157 Through Express and Mail	11 45 am
No. 150 Detroit & Indianapolis Ex.	4 45 pm

NICKEL PLATE.

The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R R

EAST.	Arr.	Dep.
N. Y. & Boston Express	*2 55 am	*3 00 am
Cleveland Mail	†11 30 pm	†11 45 pm
Eastern Express	*7 45 pm	*7 05 pm
Local Freight	†5 50 pm	†5 30 am
WEST.	**Arr.**	**Dep.**
Chicago Express	*2 10 am	*2 20 am
Chicago Mail	†1 45 pm	†1 50 pm
Western Express	*4 25 pm	*4 40 pm
Local Freight	†10 50 pm	†7 00 am

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. Through Buffet sleeping cars to Chicago. Buffalo, New York and Boston. Through tickets to all points at lowest rates and baggage checked to destination.

M. C. BAKER, District Pass. Agt., Depot, Fort Wayne, Ind.

FT. W., C. & L. R. R. AND L. E. & W. R. R.

NORTH BOUND—ARRIVE FORT WAYNE.	
No. 140 Passenger	Arrive 11 40 am
No. 142 Passenger	10 10 pm
No. 1170 Local	4 30 pm
SOUTH BOUND—LEAVE FORT WAYNE.	
No. 141 Passenger	Leave 7 15 am
No. 143 Passenger	4 00 pm
No. 1171 Local	5 30 am

†Daily except Sunday. *Daily.

Cincinnati and Indianapolis Time-card

Leave Fort Wayne.	Arrive Indianapolis.	Arrive Cincinnati.
7:15 a. m.	11:30 a. m.	3:05 p. m.
4:50 p. m.	10.15 p. m.	10:50 p. m.

Leave Cincinnati.	Leave Indianapolis.	Arrive Fort Wayne
4.10 a. m.	6.10 a. m.	11:45 a. m.
8.10 a. m.	4.30 p. m.	10:10 p. m.

All Summer Long

seekers for enjoyment and travelers who travel for pleasure will find luxurious delight in a trip on one of the

LAKE MICHIGAN AND LAKE SUPERIOR TRANSPORTATION CO'S

ELEGANT STEAMSHIPS.

The Great Lake Route which reaches The Northern Michigan Summer Resorts.

Special. Everybody's favorite steamer the Land-and-sea flyer "MANITOU" will ... and Sault Ste Marie, about ... Send for illustrated pamphlet. Address Jos. Berolzheimer, G. P. A.

LAKE MICH. AND LAKE SUPERIOR TRANS. CO.

Rush and N. Water St. Chicago.

THE BOSTON STORE.

Best Bargains in Fort Wayne.

For this week we offer some extraordinary bargains. Our prices are always the lowest and these bargains that we offer this week are in Desirable, Seasonable Goods and cannot be duplicated. No such Bargains elsewhere in Fort Wayne.

36 inch Novelty Dress Goods at 12½c, worth 17c
36 inch Novelty Dress Goods at 17c, worth 25c.
36 inch Novelty Dress Goods at 25c, worth 35c.
40 inch All Wool Novelty Dress Goods at 37½c, worth 50c
Special Low Prices on all our Black Goods.
A Line of Chenille Portiers at $3.25, reduced from $5.00.
Special Low Prices on Blankets and Bed Comforters.
We are offering some big inducements in Underwear and Hosiery.
If you need an Ingrain Carpet this Fall come to the Boston Store. We can save you from 10 to 15c on every yard

The Boston Store is the most Popular Place to do your trading. One price to all.

William Hahn & Co.,

The Boston Store.

NATIONAL DETECTIVE BUREAU

96 1-2 E. Market St., Rooms 12, 13, 14 and 15.

This Bureau investigates murders, conspiracies, blackmailing, burglaries, thefts, horse and stock stealing, legal evidence in divorce and other family matters, etc. Only experienced and trustworthy detectives employed. Reliable reference furnished and from the Indianapolis any State in the Union or any part of Europe. The superintendent of this Bureau was formerly State Detective Officer for the State of New Jersey, also Chief Detective of the N. Y., O. & W. Railway, late Sole Detective of World's Secret Detective Service of New York City, and also was Chief of Police in New Jersey, and connected with the Mail and Railway Police and Detective Department of England. We have reliable operators located in all parts of the world, and can furnish reliable men on short notice. For further particulars, address

CHAS. AINGE, Supt. National Detective Bureau,
Department A. INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

NEW YORK HAIR BAZAAR. Switches, Alcohol Lamps, Novelties in Hair Ornaments, Hair Dressing, Manicuring. MISS E. C. RODENBECK, No. 29 E. Washington St.

FARNEY DANCING ACADEMY:—

Classes Meet as Follows:
Monday and Tuesday—Beginners.
Friday—Advanced.
Children's Classes will be formed Saturday, October.
Private lessons given at the hall at any time. For further particulars call at the Hall in the Foster Block.
Pupils will be admitted to Classes any time.

THE CHICAGO CARPET RUG MFG'R, At Cor. Wells and Superior Sts, Fort Wayne, Ind

Will weave Rugs from old, and new carpet scraps of either Body Brussels, Tapestry, Moquette, Wilton and Velvet if furnished. Five pounds of carpet to the square yard. Also rugs can be made from Ingrain Carpet, which will only take 4 lbs. to one square yd. Prices greatly reduced. E. REHLING Prop'r.

For a course in Actual Practice, Book-keeping, Shorthand, Type writing, attend the Fort Wayne Business College.

Turkish baths will be given six for $3 00, until October 1, by the Thermer Bath Rooms, corner of Clinton and Barry streets. Do not miss this opportunity. 15 1f

MONEY TO LOAN
On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, rooms 35 and 36, Bank Block. 2tf

St. Louis and return $10 via Wabash.

Use Bloomingdale Mills White Loaf and Silver Wedding Flour.

If you enjoy a good smoke, then try F. G. and Frank's Choice. Sold by all first-class dealers.

Have your Sights and Scenes of the World bound at The Sentinel office. tf

Marion Black won two first prizes and one second prize at the race meet in Denver. The races were run in class B, into which Black has lately been placed.

Councilman Barney Borkenstein has closed a contract with Trustee Robert Shirley to erect a new school house in district No. 4, Maumee township.

Fall Overcoats!

The weather is just ripe for them and we'll put you in the way of owning one at a very small outlay. We have just purchased of

EINSTEIN & CO., Chicago,

(Who recently failed in business).

187 Men's Fall - - - - - Overcoats!

At our own price, and we propose to have a little fun with our competition in Fall Overcoats as long as these last.

Gentlemen, This is your opportunity. If you are in need of a Fall Weight Overcoat come in and look at these—and you'll buy—you can not resist.

These coats come in light and dark Meltons, Kerseys, Cheviots and Worsteds. Some have Silk Sleeve Linings, and some are Silk Lined throughout. There is not one coat in the lot that is worth less than $12.00, and from there up to $20 00. We have lumped them all into one lot and marked them at the low price of

$7.75!

FALL - - - - UNDERWEAR!

WE carry the most complete line of Men's Underwear in the city, from the cheapest worth having to the finest made. We buy all our Underwear in case lots direct from the mills and are able, and do undersell all dealers in this market. We have not got space here to say what we wish on this subject, but we will give you a long talk on this Underwear matter shortly. We've got some big surprises for you both in quality and price. If you want Underwear come and see us—we're headquarters. All sizes in stock from 31 to 50 inch chest measure.

EINSTEIN & CO. manufactured the best clothing that was made in Chicago, and if you buy one of these coats you can rest assured that the MAKE, FIT and TRIMMINGS are of the BEST.

Sam, Pete & Max.

The Evening Sentinel.
MONDAY OCT. 1, 1894

Branch offices for the sale of THE SENTINEL and where orders for THE SENTINEL and Want, For Sale, for Rent ads. will be received, have been established at the following drug stores.
W. J. Beneke, 313 Broadway.
J. F. Miller, 427 Lafayette.
W. L. Waltemath, 222 East Lewis.
J. G. Lewis, 414 Calhoun.
M. M. Weitl, 312 Hanna.
J. J. Helok, 11 Wells.

OUR TELEPHONES.
Business Office ....No. 173.
Editorial Rooms ....No. 050.

The Weather.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Forecast for the thirty-six hours until 8 p. m. Tuesday: For Indiana—Tonight, fair warmer, Tuesday, rain, warmer; south east winds increasing to gale Tuesday.

NEWS NOTES.

Dr Barnett and family are home from North Manchester.

Fred Wolel, of High street, has been very ill for several days.

Miss Kate Krimmer is home from a week's visit to Monroeville.

Sol D Bayless lodge No 359, F and A. M., will confer the second degree this evening.

Seventeen hundred licenses have already been taken out for vehicles with the city comptroller.

J. H. Orr, of the First National bank, is slowly recovering from his recent attack of typhoid fever.

The Hendricks club will go to Huntington next Thursday to the big barbecue. The City band will accompany them.

Milton N. Webber has purchased the City hotel in Franklin, Ind., and has already assumed charge. He writes that he must have The Sentinel, and incidentally remarks that he has taken it since 1859.

Frank W. Allen, who was for some years connected with James A. Armstrong's wholesale millinery store, has been appointed general agent for northeastern Indiana of the John Hancock Life Insurance company, of Boston, Mass.

One of the important articles in today's paper is a resume of the industrial situation in Fort Wayne, carefully prepared by our railroad editor. It will be found in the shop columns, and shows the true situation of the manufacturers in Fort Wayne today.

General Manager M. S. Robinson states that an attempt will be made this winter to heat the street cars with electricity. Two heavy plates, with a mortar substance between them, will be flat under the car seats and the current is expected to produce heat enough to warm the cars.

William Browand and a young man named Ames were shooting at rats on Hamilton street Saturday afternoon and Ames accidentally shot his companion in the leg. Dr J. E. Miller was called and dressed the wound, which is an ugly one, and Browand was taken to his home, 257 Harrison street.

Jos F. Ervin has sold the residence property at 202 West Wayne street, to Arthur Fitzsimmons, business manager of the Fleming Manufacturing company. Mr. Fitzsimmons purchased this property for his home, and will in the near future erect a handsome residence. The Everett & Doud agency made the sale.

The game of base ball played between the Ponca Indians and a Fort Wayne picked nine resulted in the defeat of the red men, the score standing 19 to 0. A large crowd is witnessing the second game at Centlivre park this afternoon. When the Indians hit a ball it goes a long distance, but they cannot compare with the pale face for all around work.

M. B. Hardendorf, who recently conducted a meat market on Smith street, has rented the middle room in the Eckart block, corner Wayne and Lafayette streets, and on Wednesday morning will open to the trade a business of a like character, the blocks and other furniture having already been placed in position. Mr. Hardendorf is an old hand at the business and is certain to do his share of the business in that portion of the city.

Twenty-five Second street was the scene of much enjoyment last evening, it being the fifty-fifth anniversary of Mrs. Henry Stoll, sr's, birth. Serenaders furnished sweet music for the dancing. Those present were the Misses Lizzie, Anna and Lena Stoll, Emma Keobler, Mrs Henry Stoll, jr., and son, Elmer, Messrs Jacob Stoll Wm Grage, Henry Yobtz, John Strodel, Christ Strodel, John Younge, Wm. Haiber and Ben Neil. A midnight luncheon was served.

The city ministerial association held their regular weekly meeting at the rooms of the City Y. M. C. A. this morning with eleven of the preachers of the city present. There was an informal discussion of the question, "What Shall the Preachers Read?" the speakers favoring the reading of the current literature of the day, so that ministers could keep abreast of the times, Christian sociability and a systematic study of the Bible. The association appointed Rev. P. J. Rice as the press reporter. The program committee are at work and will announce the meetings for the future.

Drop on Butter—Down 2c lb.

Best Country Butter, 23c lb.
Good Jar Butter, 14c
Fresh Eggs, 15c dozen.
Frying Oysters, 25c. Stewing 22c.
Ferry Horne.

White Leaf Flour, for sale by all first-class dealers. 19tf

Drop on Sweet Potatoes, Down 5c a Peck

100 bbls. New Jersey Sweet Potatoes, down to 20c peck.
Home Grown Potatoes, 65c bushel.
Cape Cod Cranberries 10c qt.
Sweet Concord Grapes, 20c basket
Best Michigan Peaches, $1 00 bushel
Ferry Horne.

THE DAY'S GOSSIP

Gathered From All Corners of Society's Realm.

Few Social Events of Importance to Take Place This Week—Personals and Short Notes.

Miss Lizzie Cavalier, of Angola, is in the city.

Miss Louella Ash is the guest of friends at Toledo.

Mrs G. C. Allen, of Toledo, spent Sunday with friends in this city.

The regular meeting of the Caledonian society will be held in their hall tonight.

Misses Sadie and Laura Coldwell and Mr. Will Myers spent Sunday at Columbia City.

Mrs. Homer E. Moses, of 211 West DeWald street, is entertaining friends from Philadelphia.

Mrs C. C. Seekle, of Jackson, Mich., has accepted a position at V. Gutermuth's cloak house.

Mrs. J. Hayes and Mrs. Laun, of Van Wert, are the guests of Mrs. Laun, of Breckenridge street.

Mrs. L. C. Bender and daughter, Mrs. Minnie McCable, of Bluffton were in the city yesterday.

Mr Edward Hulse, of New York, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Wm Hulse, of Creighton avenue.

Mrs Dr Brown, of the St. James hotel, will spend a week at South Bend, the guest of friends.

Mrs. J. P. Hale, of Bluffton, is in the city on her way to Avilla to attend the M. E. conference of missions.

Miss Clara Sprike, of Bluffton, is in the city visiting the family of W. C. Korns, of 123 Harrison street.

Mrs. E. H. McLallan, of Columbia City, has returned home after a few days' visit with friends in this city.

The wedding of Mr. August Lange and Miss Hattie Eckerly will occur at Zion's Lutheran church October 25.

Mrs J. T. Langle, and son, Alva, of Marion, Ind., are in the city the guests of Mrs. C. F. Haiber, on Wells street.

Cards have been issued announcing the forthcoming marriage of Miss Minnie Hessinger to Mr Eugene Mathis.

Mrs George Richards has returned from Pontiac, Mich., where she has been visiting for the past three weeks.

A meeting of the Noon Rest committee will be held in the Y. W. C. A. rooms tomorrow afternoon at 1:15 o'clock.

Misses Minnie Edmonds, Bertha Kelsey, Messrs George Fox and Delbert Edmonds spent Sunday at Columbia City.

Mrs. Austin M. Finney, of Grand Rapids, who has been visiting relatives in this city for some days, will return home tomorrow.

Miss Jessie Sweet, who has been spending a few days with Mrs. Frank Sessions, returned to her home in Indianapolis today.

A very pleasant surprise party was given last evening in honor of Mrs Joseph Meibucker at her home on Montgomery street.

The Christian Endeavor society of the Third Presbyterian church will give a social at the church next Friday evening, October 5.

Mr Fred L. Crall and bride have returned from a two weeks tour through eastern cities and are now at home at 55 East Wayne street.

The Ladies' Sewing society of the Wayne street M. E. church will meet Friday in the church parlors. Dinner will be served at 12 o'clock.

Mrs Stephen A. Burrows charmingly entertained a few friends at 1 o'clock luncheon on Saturday in honor of Mrs Isaac d'Isay, of Kansas City.

The marriage of Mr. Ires Leonard, of Columbia City, to Miss Josephine Hartman, of Maple avenue, South Wayne, will be solemnized October 25.

An entertainment will be given Friday evening at the Christian church by the missionaries from Ceylon who are spending a few weeks in this city.

The monthly business meeting of the Christian Endeavor society of the Third Presbyterian church will be held at the church, Tuesday evening, October 2.

A business meeting of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the First Presbyterian church will be held this evening in the church parlors.

Mrs Wm. Hulse and Mrs. Will Creighton will entertain the ladies of Westminster church at a missionary tea on Thursday afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock.

The marriage of Miss Mamie Nahrwold, charming daughter of Mr. Charles Regedanz of the north side, to Rev. William Brand, of Milwaukee, will be solemnized early in November.

A preliminary meeting of the active members of the Morning Musical will be held in the ladies' parlors of the Fort Wayne club tomorrow afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. Business of importance will be transacted.

Fort Wayne friends of Miss Fannie Foster will attend her wedding at Terre Haute next Wednesday. Miss Foster is a niece of Col. D. N. Foster and Mr. S. M. Foster, of this city, and has often been a guest here.

Miss Nellie Bicknell, of Garrett, Ind., who very frequently visits her many Fort Wayne friends, will be married in the near future to a resident of Garrett. Miss Minnie Ferguson, of this city, will be the maid of honor.

It is quite out of date nowadays to use the word "parlor"—that old fashioned word to which we all clung so long. "Drawing room" is the only correct and fin de siecle designation, even if it is so small you could put it in a tea cup.

At the rooms of the Young Women's Christian association next Thursday evening a reception and Russian Tea will be given in honor of Miss Abel, of Boston, who recently arrived in the city to be secretary of the branch of the association here ...

This city is in a very flourishing condition and has become the business girl's headquarters.

At a meeting of the Young People's society of the English Lutheran church Friday evening the following officers were elected: President, Harry Sweet; vice president, Miss Gertrude Traxler; secretary, Mr. Edward Brunner; treasurer, Mr. Luther Kiel.

Saturday night Mr. Wilson Krohn and Miss Pauline Schmitz, Mr. Charles Lehman and Miss Louise Dehne eloped from this city, and at Cleveland Miss Schmitz became Mrs. Krohn and Miss Dehne, Mrs. Lehman. They will visit Niagara Falls before returning to this city.

The business meeting of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, which was to have been held this evening at the First Presbyterian church, has been postponed until next Monday evening on account of the union prayer meeting to be held at the Wayne street M. E. church tonight.

If a girl will take the trouble to walk about the room on tip toe for lightness of step, balancing a book or sofa pillow on her head for dignity, half an hour a day for a year, she will walk like the nobility the rest of her natural life. Two things are incompatible with grace of locomotion—heavy step and down cast eyes.

The Ladies' auxiliary R. R. Y. M. C. A. gave an enjoyable reception at their parlors Friday evening. An interesting address to the retiring and newly elected officers was delivered by Mrs. Dr. Stemen. The officers are: President, Mrs. A. D. Craig, first vice president, Mrs. A. H. Polhamus; second vice president, Mrs. M. C. Lincoln; secretary, Mrs. M. Blakely, treasurer, Mrs. Major Mauk.

The St. Louis Catholic church at Besancon was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Wednesday of last week when Miss Lucy Dignan, of Maples, was married to Mr. Thos J. Murphy, ticket agent and operator at Besancon. Misses Maggie Dignan and Rosa Murphy assisted as bridesmaids and the groom was attended by Messrs. John Dignan and Jacob Munch. The ceremony was performed by Rev. T. H. La Bauta in the presence of a few friends and relatives.

The Working Girls' union will give an ice cream social and hop at the A. O. U. W. hall, Court street, this evening. Everybody invited. Admission, 10c.

Quilt Sale

Of one organs to make room for our holiday stock of pianos. Easy terms.
Kyle Music Co.,
1 6t 82 Calhoun Street.

Next Friday evening, October 5, the Fort Wayne Grays will give a concert and social at their armory, corner Broadway and Jefferson streets. The boys will appear in their elegant new uniforms for the first time that evening.

Saturday's Sale.

Beginning tomorrow we will inaugurate the last clearance sale of Bicycles. Don't wait and don't walk when you can buy a machine as cheap as dirt. The following second-hand machines will be sold on the installment plan:

4 1893 $150 00 Victors at $50 00.
3 1893 $150 00 Century Columbias at $37.50
1 1893 $150 00 Arrion at $45 00.
1 1893 Monarch at $45 00.
1 1894 Smally, weight 25 pounds, at $70 00

Also a number of other bargains from $8 00 to $30 00. Any 1894 bicycle in our store will be sold for 20 per cent. off of list price. Bring your old machine down and trade it in.
Randall Cycle Co.,
28 31 31 West Berry St.

Smoke F. G. and Frank's Choice, the finest cigars in the town for 5c.

$500.00 CASH.

I will pay the above to anyone that will convince me that they can have cleaning and dyeing done better than I can do it: also, the only house in this country doing dyeing and cleaning by electricity. This includes all competitors. My competitors claim they have electric apparatus, which is a fraud. All I ask is an inspection by any one. If you will call I will be pleased to give any information in regard to the same.
G. Schlegel,
1 3 5 65 E. Main St.

Schuman Lady Quartet, City Y. M. C. A., Wednesday evening, Oct. 3d. Admission, including seats 50c. 1 3t

Home Seekers' Excursion.

The Nickel Plate will sell reduced rate tickets to points west, northwest and southwest on Sept. 25 and Oct. 9. Tickets good for 20 days.
Call on M. C. Baker, Dist. Pass. Agt., for other information. 17tf

SECOND-HAND ORGANS AND PIANOS

That we must dispose of at once to make room for new stock.

One D. F. Beaty Organ, high top, good order, $18 00.

One Mason & Hamlin Organ, six octave high top, almost new, $38 00.

One six-octave piano-case, Orchestral Organ, $59 50.

One large Miller Organ, extra fine case, good tone, stands 7 feet 2 inches high, $70 00.

Large upright Piano, good for teaching purposes or new beginners, $77 00.

Any of the above on easy monthly payments. Call and see them, you will be surprised. I. H. Cass.

To the ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity, we extend an invitation to attend the grand opening of our Cloak Department, October 3 and 4.
LOUIS WOLF & CO.,
12. **54 Calhoun Street.**

Now is the Time to Plant Fall Bulbs.

Hyacinths, Crocuses, Tulips, Lilies, Narcissus, Jonquils, etc., just received.
S. B. ... & Co.,
... 24 W. ... St.

For Sale.

1 Bran New Cleveland Racer, list $150 00, $120 00
1 Bran New Hickory, list $125 00, $85 00
1 Bran New Hartford, list $115 00, $85 00
2 Bran New Westminsters, list $110 00, $52 50
28 3t Randall Cycle Co.

St. Louis and return $10 via Wabash.

Farmers' 6th Annual Excursion via G. R. & I. to Grand Rapids on Tuesday, October 9th, '94. Returning, trains will leave Grand Rapids at 7.00 p. m., giving 9 hours in the city. Remember the Date, Oct. 9th, 1894. 29f

St. Louis and return $10 via Wabash

Real Estate Owners, Attention.

We have a limited number of High Grade Bicycles on hand that we will trade for vacant lots.
28 3t Randall Cycle Co.

FOR SALE

A good paying route. Enquire this office. 1 tf

Notice.

The annual meeting of the board of directors of the Catholic Library association will take place at Library Hall Thursday evening the 4th day of October, 1894, at 8 o'clock p. m. At said meeting officers for the ensuing year will be elected.
Kilian Baker,
P. J. McDonald, President.
Secretary. 29 2t

St. Louis and return $10 via Wabash

Mergenthiem's Bazaar

THE POPULAR STORE, BIGGEST BARGAINS AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

We inaugurate Our Grand Fall Opening with a list of Special and Attractive Bargains for this week's trade. A few of our opening specials:

Underwear.

Buyers always go to Mergenthiem's for their Underwear needs. Our underwear department is the largest in Fort Wayne and our prices defy competition, value considered. A Lady's Heavy Ribbed Vest, our price 19c; sold everywhere at 25c.
A Lady's Very Heavy Ribbed Vest, silk taped and trimmed at 35c; sold everywhere at 40c.
A Splendid Child's Union Suit, good weight at 12c; would be cheap at 50c.
A Heavy Child's Union Suit at 50c; cannot be bought elsewhere at less than 75c.

Handkerchiefs.

50 dozen Ladies' Hemstitched Initial Handkerchiefs sold everywhere at 15 cents; our price this week, 5c.
50 dozen Elegant Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs, a bargain at 25c; our price this week, 15c
Just for a flyer this week—Splendid Silk Handkerchiefs, any color this week, 10c.
Our line of better Handkerchiefs cannot be equaled anywhere, both in price and quality

Silks.

400 yards, Handsome China Silks, all colors, at 25c, regular value, 35c.
A full line Fancy Silks and Satins and a splendid line of Black Satins and Silks from 39c upwards.

Do Not Forget

We are selling Dress Goods, Calicoes and Muslins, etc., at a saving of 20 per cent. to the purchaser.

Mergenthiem's Bazaar

Corner Calhoun and Main Sts.
BARGAIN GIVERS TO THE PUBLIC.

DEMOCRATIC RALLY!

FORT WAYNE, FRIDAY, OCT. 5TH.

Gov. Claude Matthews and David Turpie

Will speak at Saengerbund Hall at 1:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Mineral Magnetic Well Sanitarium.

A new pump has been placed in the well and the building refitted and placed in first class order. Baths are given by skilled attendants. A physician in attendance at all times. The mineral water from this well possesses curative properties equal to if not superior to any in this country. Persons suffering with nervous diseases, rheumatism or indigestion should give these baths a trial

We want a GHOST of a show if you want an Organ. High Organs at low prices. Terms to suit. The Kyle Music Co., 82 Calhoun St

ROOT & CO.

OUR

Ladies' Cloak Department,
The Largest and Finest in the City, is
Now Filled With

NEW WRAPS.

Thousands of Garments Suitable for all occasions for Fall and Winter Wear, Ranging in Price From

$4.50 to $300.00.

Every New Weave in Cloth Garments and Every Fashionable Cut and Shape in

JACKETS, CAPES, OVERCOATS.

Staple every day Capes and Jackets in Reliable and Serviceable Fabrics at Much Lower Prices than ever before. It is a matter of pride with us to give the best in all cases in this department for the least money and to keep this great department the pride of the city—head and front of the Cloak trade in the state.

RELIABLE GOODS ONLY

Are to be Found in This Stock.

Cloths in Winter Weights are Rough Cheviots, Kerseys, Beavers, Boucles, Chinchillas, Coverts, Vicunas.

OUR SPECIALTY

As is well known to the Ladies Generally, is Finely Finished Garments, of High quality of Material, Including

ELEGANT IMPORTED NOVELTIES,

EXCLUSIVE STYLES,

Which are only exhibited here and in the Larger cities—Attractive both in Style and Elegance and in keeping with the Character of Our Store in General.

COATS.

250 + 250

Each Made of

Nice Cheviots 34 Inches Long, Splendid Shapes, Fine Large Sleeves, etc.

COATS,

$4 50 EACH.
Ladies' Coats of smooth Black Cheviot, 36 inches long, tight fitting, coat back, extra large sleeves, horn buttons.

$5 EACH.
Ladies' Coats of Black Diagonal Cheviot, 36 and 38 inches long, coat back, reefer or tight fitting, tailor stitched collar and revers.

$5 EACH.
Ladies' Coats of Black Cheviots, 36 inches long tailor stitched seams, collar, reveres and fronts edged with black coney.

$9 EACH.
Ladies' Diagonal Cheviot Reefers, coat back, wide electric seal collars and reveres.

$10 EACH.
Ladies' tailor-made Black Diagonal Cheviot Frock Coats 40 inches long, tight fitting; very fine cloths and well worth $15

$12 50 EACH.
Ladies' Black Boucle Reefers, lap seams, silk covered buttons, new Worth back. Very stylish.
Ladies' Black Chinchilla Coats, roll braid binding, horn buttons.

$14 EACH.
Ladies' double breasted Coats of fine Black Boucle Cheviot, double lapels, new French back, double stitched seams.

$15 EACH.
Ladies' Frock Coats of Black Vicuna Cloth, 46 inches long, flap pockets, coat back, tailor stitched, velvet collar. Very swell.
Ladies' Reefers of Worumbo Chinchilla, 30 inches long, lined with satin rhadame, horn buttons

$20 EACH.
Ladies' Coats of very fine Blue Chinchilla, satin lined throughout, bound edges, silk velvet collar, pearl buttons.

$25 EACH.
Ladies' Coats of fine Black Vicuna Cloth, 45 inches long large hip pockets black marten collar and reveres.

CAPES.

$5 EACH.
Ladies' full Circular Capes of smooth Black Cheviot or Beaver, with top cape, top cape edged with electric seal around collar and down front, 28 inches long.

$7.50 EACH.
Ladies' full Circular Capes, with top cape, of smooth Black Cheviot or Beaver, top cape handsomely braided; collar and down front edged with electric seal.

$10 EACH.
Ladies' Capes of fine Black Cheviot, 42 inches long, with plain top cape. Stylish and serviceable wraps.

$12 50 EACH.
"Golf" Capes in Gray Oxfords, some double faced, others plain Cheviot lined with Scotch Plaid Silk.
Golf Capes $15, $18, $20.
Fine Plush Capes, with top cape, lined with brown satin rhadame; collar and top cape edged with electric seal.

$15 EACH.
Very fine Plush Capes 30 inches long embroidered with braid in Van Dyke points, lined with fine tailor satin; collar and fronts trimmed with brown marten.

$25 EACH.
Very fine Plush Capes, with top cape, both capes braided and jet trimmed; top cape edged with fine marten.
All kinds of fine Kersey Capes; short, medium and extra long lengths.
Plush Capes, jet trimmed, fur trimmed, feather trimmed. Also in fine Velours, prices $35 to $75.

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